UNIT-I
RISE OF MODERN HISTORIOGRAPHY

1. Italian Renaissance Historical Narrative
2. Gibbon & inter-civilizational history. Hegel, Ranke and the German School.
3. Historical Materialism; Karl Marx’s, concepts of social evolution, class, successive modes of production, superstructure, ideas vs material forces.

UNIT-II
CURRENT TRENDS AND INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

2. Marc Bloch: Comprehensive and Comparative History. Lewis Namier’s structural analysis’.

UNIT-III
HISTORICAL INVESTIGATION & WRITING

1. Categories of sources: (Primary documents; secondary sources, contemporary texts; later texts; oral testimony). Criteria of source criticism: linguistic tests; internal consistency; comparison with other sources; motivation behind documents (private motives vs. public declarations).
2. Application of Quantitative Methods: Purpose, Simple statistical devices. Aggregates vs. Samples. Counterfactual history (e.g. econometric history of Fogel and others).

Note: There will be three questions, one from each Unit.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

E.H. Carr : *What is History*
M. Bloch : *The Historian’s Craft.*
W.H. Walsh : *Philosophy of History.*
Patrick Gardener : *Theories of History*
G.R. Elton : *Practice of History*
J.W. Thompson : *History of Historical Writing.*
G.P. Gooch : *History and Historians in the Nineteenth Century.*
Le Roy Ladurie : *Territory of the Historian, Chapters 2, 3 and 7*
J.R. Hale : *The Evolution of British Historiography from Bacon to Namier.*
Aijaz Ahmad : *In Theory.*
Irfan Habib : *Interpreting Indian History.*
Shireen Moosvi : *Open Door Indian History* (Presidential address to A.P. History, Congress 1996).
Ralph Berry : *How to write a Research Paper.*
UNIT – I

1. The German Empire: Bismarck:

2. William II and the German Reich:

3. The Third Republic in France:

UNIT-II

4. China and Western Powers:

5. New Imperialism:

6. The European powers and the Ottoman Empire 1870-1914:

UNIT-III

7. Awakening in the Arab World:

8. Czarist Regime – Last phase:
Alexander III and reactionary policies.
Russo-Japanese War. 1905 Revolution.
Political changes. Stolypin Reforms.
The Bolshevik Revolution – Causes. March Revolution.
October Revolution. Lenin.

9. First World-War:
New Groupings of European states. Anglo-German Naval Rivalry.
Diplomatic background of the I World-War. The July crisis of 1914. Outbreak of the
War. Factors behind the defeat of the Central powers.

Note: There will be three questions, One from each Unit.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. E.J. Hobsbacom: The Age of Empire, 1875-1915.
2. David Thomson: Europe Since Napoleon.
3. Agatha Ramm: Germany 1789-1919.
6. Armajani & Ricks: The Middle East – Past and Present.
13. Pinson: Modern Germany.
18. A.J.P. Taylor: Bismarck
22. J.P.T. Bury: France 1814-1914
25. Florinsky, M.T.: Russia.
CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY
Session 2015-2016  
Department of History  
AMU Aligarh

M.A. – II SEMESTER  
HSM-2003: GENDER RELATIONS IN INDIAN HISTORY:  
THE COLONIAL PERIOD

Objective: The course will take up gender relations in colonial India especially looking at 19th-20th Century social reforms and nationalism. The paper will also look at the impart of colonialism on women’s work. The paper retains a special focus on women and gender in colonial India.

Teacher: Dr. Shadab Bano  
Total No. of Lectures = 40

UNIT-I  
WOMEN AND GENDER IN SOCIAL REFORMS
1. The ‘Woman’s Question’ in Social Reform: women’s reform in Bengal Renaissance; movement for women’s education; women’s reform in the Aligarh movement.

UNIT-II  
NATIONALISM AND GENDER RELATIONS
1. Women and Gender in the National Movement: Role and participation in nationalist struggle; women in Gandhian nationalism. The Karachi Resolution, 1931; women in peasant and tribal Struggles.

UNIT-III  
COLONIAL ECONOMY AND GENDER RELATIONS
1. Colonial Economy and Gender Relations in the 19th Century: ‘De-industrialization’ and the domestic economy, commercialization of agriculture and the shifts in women’s production activities; colonial economy and the informal economy.
2. Women in plantations, mines and factories: Working conditions and wages for women; women’s unions; labour and factory laws for women; gender relations in factories.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

J. Krishnamurty : Women in Colonial India; Essays on Survival, Work and the State.
Geraldine Forbes : Women in Modern India
--do-- : Women in Colonial India; Essays on Politics, Medicine and Historiography.
Radha Kumar : History of Doing.
Kumkum Sanghari & Sudesh Vaid (ed.) : Recasting Women; Essays in Colonial History.
Leela Kasturi & Vina Muzumdar: Women and Indian Nationalism.
Peter Custers: Women in Tebhaga Uprising.
Janaki Nair: Women and Law in Colonial India.
Barbara Southard: Women’s Movement and Colonial Politics in Bengal, the Quest for Political rights, Education and Social Reform Legislation (1921-1936).
Shahida Lateef: Women in India, Public and Private Realities.
Gail Minault: Secluded Scholars.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Tanika Sarkar: “The Hindu Wife and Hindu Nation: Domesticity and Nationalism in Nineteenth Century Bengal”
: “Rhetoric against Age of Consent, Resisting Colonial Reason and Death of a Child Wife” EPW, 28, No.36 (September, 1903).
: “Sisterhood or Separation? The All-India Muslim Ladies’ Conference and the National Movement”, The Extended Family.
Ashis Nandy: “Psychology of Colonialism Sec. VI, Intimate Enemy.”
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Title and Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shireen Moosvi</td>
<td>“Women and Work in Pre-Colonial India”.</td>
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CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY
Session 2015-2016          Department of History
                                      A.M.U., Aligarh

M.A. – II SEMESTER
HSM-2004: TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIETY IN INDIA c. 1200 to 1850

Teacher: Prof. Ishrat Alam       Total No. of Lectures = 40

UNIT-I

1. Nature of Evidence for History of Medieval Indian technology (textual, pictorial).
2. Agricultural Technology: Preparation of the Soil; Tools and Techniques of
cultivation: Sowing Practices; Methods of Irrigation; Water lift; manures. New
Crops; Crop Rotation; Oil, Sugar and Indigo extraction.
3. Textile Technology:
   Processing of cotton, wool and other fabrics (collection, ginning and carding).
   Whorls and spindles; cotton gin; weaving.
   Bleaching, dyeing, painting and printing.
   Main types of cloth produced.
4. Transport Technology:
   Wheeled Vehicles;
   Ship-building.

UNIT-II

5. Extractive Industries:
   Mining (salt, saltpeter and diamond mining; stone quarries).
   Raw material from animals; leather industry.
6. Chemical Practices and Technology:
   Glass technology (Beads; bangles; mirrors; spectacles; sand –glass; hubbles).
   Metallurgy: Iron extraction, Damascened Steel, Zinc.
   Tin-coating, Manufacture of Paper, Distillation.
7. Civil Engineering:
   Building technology (building material, structures haulage devices).
   Roads, bridges, Dams.

UNIT-III

8. Military Technology:
   Stirrup and Saddle.
   Arms and Armour.
   Gun powder, Fire-arms (hand gun and cannon).
9. Time-Reckoning Technology:
   Clepsydras.
   Sun-dials, sand-glass, etc.
   European mechanical clocks.
10. Introduction of European Technology and Patterns of Response. Extent of use of
    Belt-drive, gear, crank, screw, pulleys, capstan, bow-drill.
Books Recommended:

A.H. Dani et. al : History of Humanity, vols. I to V (relevant Sections on Agriculture and Textiles)
Irfan Habib : Agrarian System of Mughal India (Revised edition, Chapter on Agriculture)
Dharampal : Indian Science and Technology in the Eighteenth Century (Chap. VII & IX)
A.I. Chicherov : India: Economic Development in 16th-18th Centuries.
A.J. Qaisar : Indian Response to European Technology and Culture.
A.J. Qaisar : Building Construction in Mughal India.
I.A. Khan & R. Kumar : ‘The Mansagar Dam’, in Ray and Bagchi eds, Tech. in Ancient and Medieval India
Francis Buchanan : Relevant Accounts of the District of Shahabad, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Bihar, Bihar and Mysore in separate volumes.
D.M. Bose, S.N. Sen, Subbarayappa, eds. : A Concise History of Science in India (relevant portions only)
S.P. Verma : Art and Material Culture in the Paintings of Akbar’s Court (chap. 8 & 9 only).
Simon Digby : War-Horse and Elephant in the Delhi Sultanate.
T. Schioler : Roman and Islamic Water-Lifting Wheels.
Anirudha Ray & S.K. Bagchi, ed. : Technology in Ancient and Medieval India.
R.C. Butohia : The Evolution of Artillery in India (From the Battle of Plessey to the Revolt of 1857), Allied, 1998.

ARTICLES:

Irfan Habib : Technological changes and society (13th & 14th Centuries) (Presidential Address, Medieval India Section, Indian History Congress, Varanasi, 1969).
- do - : “Peasant in Indian History” in Irfan Habib, Essays in Indian History – a Marxist Interpretation, New Delhi, 1996.

'Technology and Barriers to Technological Change in Mughal India” (The Indian Historical Review, July 1978 – January 1979, Vol. V, Nos. 1-2, pp.152-74).


Abha Singh: “Irrigating Haryana – History of the West Yamuna Canal”, Medieval India – I.


‘Merchant Shipping in India during the Seventeenth Century’ Medieval India – A Misc. No.2.


S.A. Nadeem Rezavi: Medieval Techniques and Practices in Mughal India in H. Mukhia (ed) History of Technology in India, Vol. II.


Metallurgy in Medieval India in, Ray & Bagchi Technology in Ancient & Medieval India.

Ishrat Alam: “Textile Technology as depicted in Ajanta & Mughal Paintings” in Ray and Bagchi, eds. Technology in Ancient & Medieval India.

A.J. Qaisar :  'Response of Turkey and other Asian Countries to European Clocks & Watches during the 16th and 17th Centuries: A Comparative Study’ paper presented at the First International congress on the History of Turkish-Islamic Sciences and Technology.


**Reference Books:**

J. Needham :  *Science and Civilization in China* (see relevant sections only).

Hans E. Wulff :  *The Traditional Crafts of Persia*

Lynn White Jr. :  *Medieval Technology and Social Change*.


Hill and Hasan :  *Islamic Technology* (UNESCO).


Unit- I

1. Antecedents of Iron Age: Ahar Culture
2. Introduction of Iron and its impact:-
   (a) Iron Age Cultures: (i) Origin of Iron Technology in India (ii) Megalithic Cultures (iii) Painted Grey Ware Culture (iv) Northern Black Polished Ware Culture
   (b) Agriculture and Pastoralism in Early Iron age.

Unit- II

3. Early Vedic Age:
   a) Indo-European / Indo Aryan languages: their diffusion.
   b) Aryan Hypothesis and archaeological evidences.
   c) Rig Veda: language, date, subject matter and arrangement of contents.
   d) Geography of Rig Veda.

4. Rig Vedic Age:
   a) Economy
   b) Society and Polity.
   c) Religion

Unit – III

5. Later Vedic Age:
   a) Vedic Corpus after Rig Veda
   b) Economy
   c) Society and Polity
   d) Religion

6. Proto Dravidian Cultures:
   a) Megalithic Culture in South India
   b) Use of Iron in Proto-Dravidian Culture
   c) Megalithic Burials

DOCUMENTS

(A) Hymns of Rigveda (tr.) by Ralph. T.H. Griffith
I Book: XXXII, LIII, CVIII, CXVI.
II “: XIII, XIV
III “: LIII, LVIII.
IV “: XVI, XXIV, XXX, LVII.
V “: LXIII
VI “: XXVII and L.
VII “: XXXIII, LXXXIII, LXXXVIII.
VIII “: X, LXXXII.
IX “: LXXII.
X “: XV, LXXV, XC, CXXIX, CLXX, CLXXV, CLXXIII.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

D.P.Agrawal : The Archaeology of India.
D.P.Agrawal & Dilip Chakrabarti : Essays in Indian Proto-History.
Bridget & FR Allchin: Rise of Civilization in India & Pakistan.
H.D. Sankalia : Pre and Protohistory of India and Pakistan.
B.P.Sinha : Potteries in Ancient India.
N.R.Banerjee : Iron Age in India.
Vibha Tripathi : Painted Grey Ware Culture.
A.C. Das : Rig Vedic Culture.
R.C. Majumdar (ed.) : The Vedic Age.
P.L. Bhargava : India in the Vedic Age.
D.D.Kosambi : The Culture and Civilization of Ancient India.
D.D.Kosambi : Introduction to the Study of Indian History.
R.S. Sharma : Light on Early Indian Society and Economy.
Rajesh Kochar : The Vedic People.
R.S. Sharma : Advent of the Aryans in India.
Romila Thapar : Cultural Past (relevant articles).
R.S. Sharma : Material Culture & Social Formations in Ancient India.
Z.D. Ansari
Irfan Habib & V. Thakur : The Vedic Age.
M.D.N. Sahi : Aspects of Indian Archaeology.
Ranabir Chakravarty : Exploring Early India.
Vibha Tripathi : History of Iron Technology in India.
Upinder Singh : A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India.
B.D. Chattopadhyaya : Studying Early India.
UNIT-I

1. Survey of Sources: Inscriptions, Coins, Literature.
2. Feudalism: Definition & Debate; Prominent Theories and Their Criticism.

UNIT-II

5. Land Lords and Superior Rightholders: Samantas, Ranakas, Rajputras, Rawats, Thakkuras, etc.
7. Feudal Polity & Economy in North India.

UNIT-III

11. Temple Economy in South India.

DOCUMENTS

5. Inscriptions:
   a) Kamauli Plate Inscription dated vs 1190/AD 1133, E1,IV,19-21.
   b) Ratanpur Stone Inscription, E1, xxvi, No.35.

Note: There will be three questions, one from each Unit, one out of these requiring comments on passages from the Documents.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Marc Bloch - Feudal Society
T.J. Byres & - Feudalism and Non-European Societies.
Harbans Mukhia (ed)
R.S. Sharma - Indian Feudalism
R.S. Sharma - Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation.
D.D. Kosambi - An Introduction to the Study of the Indian History.
D.C. Sircar (ed.) - Land System and Feudalism in Ancient India.
B.N.S. Yadav - Society and culture in Northern India during the Twelfth Century.
B.D. Chattopadhyaya (ed.) - The Making of Early Medieval India.
- do - Representing ‘the others’.
D.N. Jha - Feudal Order.
Burton Stein - Peasant State and Society in Early Medieval South India.
Lallanji Gopal - Economic Life of Northern India C-AD 700-1200.
V. Balambal - Feudatories of South India (800-1070 AD).
D.N. Jha - Economy & Society in Early India; issues and Paradigms.
Om Prakash - Early Indian Landgrants & State Economy.
R.S. Tripathi - History of Kanauj.
B.P. Mazumdar - Socio-Economic History of Northern India.
Dashrath Sharma - Rajasthan Through the Ages.
Dashrath Sharma - Early Chauhan Dynasties.
Irfan Habib - “Peasant in Indian History”, Presidential Address, PIHC, 1982, Kurukshetra.
S.P. Gupta - “Reconstructing the Political and Economic Profile of Rajasthan”, IHC, 1994, Presidential Address- Section 1.
D.N. Jha - “Relevance of Peasant State & Society” to Pallava – Chola Times, IHR, vol. VIII, Nos. 1-2, pp.74-94.
Elliot & Dowson (tr) - History of India, vol. II, Aligarh, Reprint Prof. Mohd. Habib’s Introduction.
Rashmi Upadhyaya - Bhakti & Feudalism: An overview to the Marxist Conception, Indica, Vol. 42 No.2.
Rashmi Upadhyaya - ‘Religious Tolerance in Early Medieval India as Revealed from Sanskrit Inscriptions’, Purajagat, Indian Archaeology, History and Culture, Latest Researches in Honour of Late Sri J.P. Joshi, Vol. II.
B. D. Chattopadhyaya - Studying Early India.
S.R. Sharma - Society and Culture in Rajasthan
V.K. Thakur - Historiography of Indian Feudalism
Pushpa Niyogi - Contributions to the Economic History of Northern India
R. Champaklakshmi - Trade, Ideology and Urbanisation
Upinder Singh - A History of Ancient & Early Medieval India.
Ranabir Chakravarty - Exploring Early India.
Harmann Kulke - The State in India (1000-1700 AD).
Pushpa Prasad - Lekhapaddhati: The Documents of Every Day Life and State.
UNIT I

Post-Mauryan North India: Politics in Flux

1. Sungas, Indo-Greeks, Indo-Parthians, Sakas, Kharavela
   Contestations, territorial extents

2. Kushanas
   a) Origins and early rulers
   b) Kanishka: Problems of chronology
   c) Kingship and association with divinity

3. Culmination of early artistic styles: Mathura and Gandhara

UNIT II

Deccan and South India: Emerging Politics

1. Satavahanas
   a) Origins
   b) Conflict over Western India
   c) Relations with the Sakas

2. Pre-State to State in Early Tamilakam

UNIT III

Society, Religion and Economy in the Post-Mauryan Period

1. Changes in society: concretisation of varna; codification of social rules, norms
2. Urbanism and its impact on society and economy
3. Economy: Land revenue, subsistence strategies, trade
4. Apogee of Buddhism, Jainism and the beginnings of Brahmanical cults

DOCUMENTS

1. Epigraphia Indica Vol. XX, pp. 86-87 (for Unit I)
2. Epigraphia Indica Vol.VIII, pp.61-62 (for Unit II)
3. Epigraphia Indica Vol. VIII, p. 67 (for Unit II)
4. Epigraphia Indica Vol. VIII, pp. 82-83 (for Unit II)

Note: There will be three questions, one from each Unit, one out of these requiring comments on passages from the Documents.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY

Session 2015-2016          Department of History
A.M.U., Aligarh

Semester:          M.A. – II Semester
Title of the Paper: HS-2021: The Delhi Sultanate (1290-1388)
Objectives: To acquaint the students with the political, economic and cultural milieu of the Delhi Sultanate during the 14th Century
Credits: 4
Teacher: Prof. Ali Athar

Total No. of Lectures = 40

UNIT- I

1. JALALUDDIN KHALJI: The Origin of the Khalji; Accession of Jalal-ud-din Khalji; The Khalji Revolution
Contradiction between his policy and the interests of his supporters. Military operations. Murder of the Sultan: Alauddin’s accession.

2. ALAUDDIN KHALJI:

3. ALAUDDIN KHALJI: EXPANSION AND FRONTIER POLICIES:

UNIT-II

4. The Empire at Alauddin Khalji’s death. Mubarak Shah Khalji. Rise of Khusrau Khan; the Barwars’.

5. Khalji Architecture
Mysticism- Life and Teachings of Nizamuddin Auliya; Amir Khusro.

6. GHIYASUDDIN TUGHLUQ: Rise to Power.

7. MUHAMMAD TUGHLUQ:

UNIT-III

8. FIRUZ TUGHLUQ:

DOCUMENTS

Zia Barani, *Tarikh-i-Firoz Shahi*, tr., Elliot & Dowson, *History of India*, Vol.III. PP.191-197 After this…according to rule, pp.238-242 the first project……spread the news of its discomfiture.


**Note:** There will be three questions, one from each Unit, one out of these may require comments on passages from the Documents.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**


W.H. Moreland : *On History and Historians of Medieval India*.

R.P. Tripathi : *Agrarian System of Moslem India*.

Percy Brown : *Indian Architecture* (Islamic Period), Bombay 1968, chapters II & III.


K.S. Lal : *History of Khaljis*.

A.M. Husain : *The Tughluq Dynasty*.


R.C. Jauhari : *Firoz ShahTughlaq*.

Wahid Mirza : *Life and Works of Amir Khusrau*.

Nelson Wright : *Coinage and metrology of the Sultans of Delhi*.

I.H. Siddiqi : *Perso-Arabic sources on the Life and conditions in the Sultanate of Delhi*.

Peter Jackson : *The Delhi Sultanate – A Political and Military History*.

Andre Wink : *Al-Hind, the making of Indo-Islamic World*, vol. –II.


Shahabuddin Iraqi : *Bhakti Movement in Medieval India Social and Political Perspectives*

**ARTICLES:**


Objectives: This paper seeks to study various facets of the Mughal Empire during the reigns of the Emperors Jahangir and Shah Jahan. It focuses on the nature, structure and functions of the state, composition and role of bureaucracy and the general intellectual climate of the age. Inter alia the growth and tensions in diplomatic and commercial relations with the regional powers and outside world are also explored.

UNIT-I

1. MUGHAL HISTORIOGRAPHY DURING THE FIRST HALF OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY: (4)

2. ACCESSION OF JAHANGIR AND EARLY MEASURES – 1605-1611 (2)
   (a) Accession crisis. Role of the Nobility.
   (b) Jahangir’s measures after accession: ‘The Twelve Edicts’ and their significance. Revolt of Khusrau and its effects on Jahangir’s attitude and policies.

3. THE PERIOD OF STABILITY AND EXPANSION – 1611-1621 (4)
   (a) Marriage with Nur Jahan and the rise of Itimad-Daula’s family and Prince Khurram. ‘The Nur Jahan Junta.’
   (b) Jahangir and the Rajputs: Relations with the Kachwahas, Rathors and Sisodias.
   (c) Jahangir and the Deccan: Mughal position in the Deccan in 1605. The Mughal offensive, Settlement of 1616 and 1621.

4. EXPANSION OF TRADE WITH EUROPE (2)
   The so-called “Trade Revolution”. The establishment of Dutch and English trade in India. Their relations with the Mughal court. Visits of Hawkins and Roe. Impact of new commerce on Indian economy. Influx of bullion; increase in prices.

UNIT-II

5. THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROBLEM (3)
   The North-west frontier of the Mughal empire. The Qandahar question. Fall of Qandahar (1622) and its aftermath. The so-called collusion between the Deccan States and the Persians against the Mughals.

6. JAHANGIR’S RELIGIOUS POLICY (5)
   Personal views; appreciation of Akbar’s policy, commitment at accession. General policy and measures. Attitude towards the Sikhs, Jains, and Jesuits.
7. **ACCESSION OF SHAH JAHAN**  

UNIT-III 13

8. **DECCAN UNDER SHAH JAHAN**  

9. **SHAH JAHAN AND THE NORTH-WEST- THE UZBEKS**  
   Mughal reaction to Uzbek attack on Afghanistan (1628). Mughal ambitions in the region. Recovery of Qandahar (1638), The Uzbek civil war and Mughal expansion across Hindukush (1646-1647). Mughal withdrawal and its causes and consequences.

10. **SHAH JAHAN AND THE NORTH-WEST: THE SAFAVIDS**  

11. **SHAH JAHAN: RELIGION, ARTS AND CULTURE**  
    (a) Shah Jahan’s religious views and policy measures.  
    (b) Shah Jahan’s and Dara Shukoh’s patronage to poets and scholars. Translation of Sanskrit works into Persian. The Architectural Magnificence.

**DOCUMENTS**

1. Jahangir, Memoirs (Tr. Rogers and Beveridge, 2 vols.) (Selected Portions) vol.I, pp.1-48; 204-205; 250-290; vol.II, pp.49, 52, 91-93; 104-108; 161; 267; 269. Unit-I & II.
2. Jahangir and the Jesuits, tr. Payne (Part I only). Unit-I & II
4. Lahori, Badshahnama, Extracts translated in Elliot and Dowson, Vol. VII, pp.3-72. Unit-III

**Note:** There will be **three** questions, one from each Unit, one out of these requiring comments on passages from the Documents.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- Beni Prasad : *History of Jahangir*
- Qanungo : *Dara Shikoh.*
- S.A.A. Rizvi : *Muslim Revivalist Movements in India during the 16th & 17th centuries.*
- W.H. Moreland : *India at the Death of Akbar.*
- N. Steensgaard : *The Asian Trade Revolution of the Seventeenth century, Chapters i-iv.*
- M. Athar Ali : *The Apparatus of Empire, (Introduction).*
- Afzal Husain : *The Nobility under Akbar and Jahangir.*
- Ellison Banks Findly : *Nur Jahan Empress of Mughal India, OUP, 1993.*
- Catherine Asher : *Architecture of Mughal India, CUP, 1992*
PAPERS:


M. Athar Ali : Mughal objectives behind Balkh and Badakhshan Campaigns: 1646-47.


Afzal Husain : Mughal Empire and Islam-A Study of Jahangir’s views and polices.

UNIT-I

1. ASSESSING THE BEGINNING:
   a. *The Roots of dissention:* The Mughal Polity at the end of Shahjahan’s Reign. Dara Shukoh, his intellectual thought and attitude. Dara’s relations with the nobles and his brothers.
   c. *The course of the Rebellion:* the important battles and role of nobles; Dharmat and Samugarh. Elimination of Murad, Shuja and Dara. The slogan for the removal of the heretic. Reasons for Aurangzeb’s success.

2. THE COURT GROUPINGS AND RULING CLASSES:
   a. *Shahjahan’s imprisonment and its constraining effects:* Aurangzeb’s attitude towards various sections of nobles; positioning of an energetic and pro-active policy of expansionism.
   b. *Composition of the Nobility:* Racial and Religious groups; the foreign groups: Turanis & Iranis; the indigenous elements: Rajputs & Shaikhzadas; Compulsions of the Deccan problem and the annexation of Bijapur and Golcunda and the Influx of ‘new’ elements: Marathas & Afghans
   c. *Nobles and Politics:* Aurangzeb and the nobility till 1689; the Deccan Problem and the influx of Deccani nobility (1689-1707).

3. THE DEVELOPING CRISIS:
   b. *Agrarian and tribal disturbances:* The revolts of the Jats, the Satnamis and the Sikhs. Their nature and effects. The Afghan rebellion. Role of muskets and artillery

UNIT II

1. STATE AND RELIGION:
   b. *Attitudes towards Religious groups and Institutions:* Aurangzeb and Muslim Orthodoxy; the Shias and the non-Muslims; Religious measures: The policy of *madad-i ma’ash* grants; Imposition of Jizya (1679) and its motives.
Towards a Theocratic State or political expediency? The contradictions of Aurangzeb’s religious attitude and his shifting outlook: the temple destructions and temple grants.

2. CONQUEST AND LIMITS OF EXPANSION:
   b. The Deccan Wars (1660-1665): Aurangzeb’s attitude towards Bijapur and Golconda; The Maratha Factor: Shaista Khan’s campaigns
   c. Jai Singh and the Treaty of Purandhar (1665) and its significance.

3. THE EMERGENCE OF MARATHA POWER (1665-1707):
   a. The rise of Shivaji & his coronation. Sambhaji (1680-89) & his alliance with Prince Akbar. Annexation of Bijapur and Golcunda (1686-87); End of Sambhaji (1689).
   b. The Maratha Administration: The Nature of the civil administration; the ashta pradhans; Chauth and Sardeshmukhi

UNIT III

1. CULTURE AND TRADE DURING AURANGZEB’S REIGN:

2. FACTORS FOR THE DECLINE OF THE MUGHAL EMPIRE:
   a. The major traditional theories: Religious Problem (Jadunath Sarkar)
   b. Theories of the Aligarh School: Possible roles of (a) failure of administration (Satish Chandra); (b) agrarian crisis (Irfan Habib); (c) gunpowder and changes in military techniques (Iqtidar A.Khan); (d) relative cultural decline (M.Athar Ali).
   c. Revisionist Theories: Shift of loyalties of ‘Great Firms’ and corporate groups (Karen Leonard, Bayly & Co.); the Centre-Periphery Debate. Questions of reality of “Empire” and its “decline” (Burton Stein and others).

3. SOURCES OF AURANGZEB’S REIGN:
   a. Histories (esp.) Alamgirnama; Ma’asir-i Alamgiri; Nuskha-i Dilkusha; Muntakhab ul Lubab.
   b. accounts: Tavernier; Bernier; Manucci. English ‘factory’ records.
   c. Other sources: Akhbarat; State documents; Insha collections; Biographical dictionaries; Administrative manuals.

DOCUMENTS

1. Elliot and Dowson, vol. VII: Translated portions of Alamgirnama, Ma’asir-i Alamgiri and Muntakhab ul Lubab
3. Françoise Bernier, Travels in the Mughal Empire, trans., ed. Constable & VA Smith, pp. 201-3

**Note:** There will be three questions, one from each unit, *one of which may* require comments on passages from the Documents.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

K.R. Qanungo | *Dara Shikoh*
---|---
Jadunath Sarkar | *History of Aurangzeb*, (5 vols.)
W.H. Moreland | *Akbar to Aurangzeb*
W.H. Moreland | *Agrarian System of Moslem India*
Sri Ram Sharma | *The Religious Policy of the Mughal Emperors*
S.A.A. Rizvi | *Muslim Revivalist Movements in India During the 16th and the 17th Centuries*
M. Athar Ali | *The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb*
M. Athar Ali | *Mughal India: Studies in Polity, Ideas, Society, and Culture*
M. Athar Ali | *The Apparatus of Empire* (Introduction)
Christopher Bayly | *Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaars: North Indian Society in the Age of British Expansion, 1780-1870*
Satish Chandra | *Medieval India, Society, the Jagirdari Crisis and the Village*
Satish Chandra | *Mughal Religious Policies – the Rajputs and the Deccan*
Satish Chandra | *Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court 1707-1739* (Introduction)
Irfan Habib | *The Agrarian System of Mughal India*
John F. Richards | *The Mughal Empire*
John F. Richards | *Mughal Administration in Golconda*
N. Steensgaard | *The Asian Trade Revolution of the Seventeenth Century* (Chapters I – IV)
Muzaffar Alam | *The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India. Awadh and the Punjab, 1707-1748*
Andrea Hintze | *The Mughal Empire and Its Decline An Interpretation of the Sources of Social Power*
Muzaffar Alam | *The Languages of Political Islam in India: c. 1200-1800*
Meena Bhargava | *The Decline of the Mughal Empire*

**PAPERS:**

Abdur Rahim | “Mughal Relations with Persia and Central Asia”, Papers contributed to *Islamic Culture* (July 1934, 1935), cyclostyled and bound in one volume in the History Deptt Library, AMU
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Details/Notes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M. Athar Ali</td>
<td>“Theories of Sovereignty in Islamic Thought in India”</td>
<td>Symposium, Proceedings of the Indian History Congress, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satish Chandra</td>
<td>“Social Background to the Rise of the Maratha Movement during the 17th Century in India”</td>
<td>The Indian Economic and Social History Review, Vol. 1, no. 3, pp. 209-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satish Chandra</td>
<td>“Shivaji and the Maratha Landed Elements”</td>
<td>in R.S. Sharma (ed.), Indian Society: Historical Probings, in Memory of DD Kosambi, New Delhi, 1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P.V. Ranade</td>
<td>“Feudal Content of Maharashtra Dharma”</td>
<td>The Indian Historical Review, Vol. I, 1975, pp. 44-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irfan Habib</td>
<td>“The Peasant in Indian History”</td>
<td>Presidential Address, Proceedings of the Indian History Congress, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shireen Moosvi</td>
<td>“The Mughal Empire and the Deccan - Economic Factors and Consequences”</td>
<td>Proceedings of the Indian History Congress, 42nd Session, Kurukshetra, 1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shireen Moosvi</td>
<td>‘Reforming Revenue Administration: Aurangzeb’s farman to Rasikdas, 1665’</td>
<td>in Shireen Moosvi, People, Taxation and Trade in Mughal India, OUP, 2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G.D. Sharma</td>
<td>“Marwar as Depicted in Rajasthani Sources”</td>
<td>Proceedings of the Indian History Congress, 34th Session, Chandigarh, pp. 220-31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rohan D ‘Souza  “Crisis before the Fall: Some Speculations on the Decline of the Ottomans, Safavids and Mughals”, *Social Scientist*, vol. 30, no. 9/10 (Sept-Oct 2002), pp. 3-30


UNIT-I

1. THE IMPACT OF MUGHAL DECLINE ON INDIAN ECONOMY
   Overview of Agrarian Conditions during 18th Century; Trade and Commerce; Overseas Trade and Commerce, Internal Trade. Merchant-Communities, Corporate Houses; The thesis of ‘The Rise of Corporate Groups’ and Growth (‘Revisionist School’ and Its Critics)

2. THE IMPACT OF MUGHAL DECLINE ON SOCIETY & CULTURE
   Cultural Scenario during 18th Century; Rise of Regional Centres of Cultural Patronage, Dehli Awadh, Bengal, Hyderabad.
   Urdu Poetry during 18th Century; Popular Urdu Poets: Mir Taqi Mir Sauda, Mir Hasan; The Emergence of ‘ashobname’ as a Literary Genre.

UNIT-II

3. RELIGIOUS REVIVALIST AND REFORMIST MOVEMENTS:
   Shah Waliullah’s religious and political thought; The Sikh Movement; Religious Syncretism.

4. SOCIETY DURING 18th CENTURY:
   The Chishtiya Silsilah; The Naqshbandi Silsilah: Mirza Mazhar Jan-i Jahan.
   Ulema and State of Shari’a; Class of Ulema, Manqulat and Maqulat; Madarsa Rahmia, Dars-i Nizami, Farangi Mahal School.

UNIT-III

5. ESTABLISHMENT OF BRITISH RULE IN INDIA:

6. SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONSEQUENCES OF BRITISH COLONIALISM:
   The Ryotwari and Mahalwari Settlement; Drain of Wealth; The ‘Orientalism’ debate. The Orientalists and their perception of India.

Note: There will be three questions, one from each Unit.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. C.A.Bayly : *Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaar.*
3. Muzaffar Alam : *Crisis of Mughal Imperial Decline in North India.*
5. R.C.Dutt : *Economic History of India, 2 Vol.*
8. Irfan Habib and Tapan Rajchaudhury (eds.) : *The Cambridge Economic History of India-I*
10. S.A.A.Rezavi : *Shah Waliullah and His Times*
15. Sushil Chaudhuri : *From Prosperity to Decline: Eighteenth Century Bengal.*
17. Satish Chandra : *Eighteenth Century in India.*
19. Mohammad Umar : *Urban Culture in Northern India during the Eighteenth Century 2001*
20. K. Dutta : *Survey of India’s Social Life & Economic condition Calcutta 1961*
22. Khursheed-ul-Islam : *Three Mughal Poets*
24. M.Athar Ali : *The passing of the Empire the Mughal Case (1975)*
25. A. Muztar : *Shah Waliullah*
26. S. Chaudhary : *Siraj: English Company and Plassey Conspiracy IHR 1986*
27. Irfan Habib : *Agrarian System of Mughal India*
28. Farhat Hasan : *State and Locality in Mughal India*
29. F.C.R. Robinson : *Farangi Mahal*

ARTICLES:

2. Irfan Habib – ‘Colonialization of the Indian Economy, 1757-1900’ *Social Scientist,* No.32.
CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY

Session 2015-2016

Department of History
A.M.U., Aligarh

M.A. – II SEMESTER
HSM-2032-RESISTANCE, MODERNIZATION AND EARLY EMERGENCE OF
NATIONALISM IN INDIA, 1819-85

Object: This synopsis has been prepared to acquaint the students with the knowledge of history especially the form of resistance, modernization and Nationalism during Colonial India

Teacher: Dr. Hassan Imam

Total No. of Lectures = 40

UNIT-I 14
I FORMS OF RESISTANCE TO COLONIAL RULE:
Colonial wars of pacification and their consequences; changes in the nature of kingship and sovereignty; settling, policing and taxing – impact on hunting, nomadic and pastoral communities. Terminologies of crime, disorder and banditry. The crowd in History.

II REVOLT OF 1857:
(b) Civil insurgency: Causes and social participation. Agrarian rebellion – revenue demand and livelihood – revenue settlement and agrarian debt –Urban revolts. Forms of rebel communication. The struggle over information and communications.
(c) The Leadership of the rebellion: Outlook, strategy and conflicts.

UNIT-II 13
I CREATING ALLEGIANCE AND LOYALTY:
(b) Representation: Provincial councils – co-opting the urban elite – municipal government – the terms of electoral representation - 'educating in self-government’, the ‘problem’ of the educated classes.

II THE COLONICAL STATE AND THE RE-DEFINITION OF SOCIAL IDENTITIES:

UNIT-III 13
I THE STATE, PUBLIC AND POLITICAL LIFE:
(a) The educated classes, social base and ideology:
(b) The political and economic critique of colonial rule; the women’s question in national politics; ‘history from below’.

II EARLY NATIONALISM:
(a) Factors behind the emergence of Indian Nationalism
(b) Modern Political Association.
(c) Formation of the Indian National Congress.
(d) British Policies Towards Early Nationalism.
DOCUENTS
D. Naoroji, ‘The pros and cons of British rule’, in W.T., de Bary (ed.) Sources of Indian tradition, 1858, pp.665-73, 954 B30S. Unit-III
Risley, H.H., The Peoples of India, ‘Introduction’. Unit-III

Note: There will be three questions, one from each Unit, one out of these requiring comments on passages from the Documents.
A list of required readings is followed by a more detailed one which roughly follows the order of topics.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
S. Bose, and Jalal, A., 1998 : Modern South Asia, Delhi, OUP, Chingiz. 7-11, pp.67-126, 954 B70M.
Judith, Brown : Modern India, 954.03 B90M.
B.S., Cohn : Law and the colonial state in India’, in Colonialism and its forms of knowledge, The British in India, OUP, Delhi, 1996. 954.03 C48C.
S. Gopal : British Policy in India, 1858-1947, OUP, 965.354.03 G52B.
-------- : Aftermath of Revolt, Princeton, 1973, 954.033 M56 A.
B.B. Misra : The Administrative History of India, 1834-1947, Delhi, 1970, 954.03 M66A.


S.N. Sen : Eighteen Fifty-Seven, Calcutta, 1957-954.033 S28E.

Roy Tapti : The Politics of a Popular Uprising; Bundelkhand in 1857, OUP, 1994

ADDITIONAL READINGS:

SECTION-A

S.B. Chaudhuri, : Civil Disturbances during British rule in India, 1765-1857.
Kalikinkar Datta, : The Santal Insurrection of 1855-57, Calcutta, 1940, reprint 1988, 954.03 D18 S.
Ranajit Guha, : Elementary aspects of peasant insurgency in Colonial India., New Delhi, 1984, 323.33095403.

Pang, Anand : Crime and Criminality in Colonial India.

The Revolt of 1857:


C.A. Bayly, Chapter, ‘Rebellion and Reconstruction’ in Indian Society, 954.03, 834 IN.


--------, Empire and information: intelligence gathering and social communication in India, 1780-1870, OUP, 954.03 B3E.


*Mukerjee, Rudrangshu, Awadh in Revolt 1857-58, A Study of Popular Resistance, New Delhi, 1984. 954.2 M85A.


Tapti Roy, The politics of a popular uprising, Bundekhand in 1857, OUP, 1996. 954.033 R95C.


SECTION-B

D. Kumar, (ed.) *Cambridge Economic History of India* Vol. II.

RULE, KNOWLEDGE AND IDENTITY:
N.G. Barrier, Census of British India, New Delhi, 1981, 312.09503.
* Susan, Bayly, Caste, Society and politics, 301. 440954. B34C.
Cohn, B.S., Colonialism and its forms of knowledge, The British in India, OUP, Delhi, 1996.
B.S. Cohn, *An anthropologist among the historians and other essays*, OUP, 1987, 3012954 C48A.
----, *Imagining India*, 964.0072 121M.
Richard, Fox, *Lions of the Punjab*.
Harjot, Oberoi, *The construction of religious boundaries: culture, identity and diversity in the Sikh tradition*, Delhi, OUP, 1994 294-553 015C.
Rashmi Pant, article on the census of India, IESHR.

SECTION-C

B.T., McCully, English Education and the Origin of Indian Nationalism.
B., Martin, *New India, 1885*, OUP, 1970, 954.035 M38N.
McLane, J. *Early Indian Nationalism*.

READING FOR A WIDER ORIENTATION:
Bose, Saugata (ed.) : *South Asia and World Capitalism*, Delhi, 1990.
Adas, M., : *Machines as the measure of man, science, technologies and ideologies of Western Dominance*, OUP, 1990.

Edney, M.H. : *Mapping an empire: the geographical construction of British India, 1756-1843*. Chicago, 911.5403E30M.

Headrick, Daniel, : *The tools of empire: technology and European imperialism in the nineteenth century*, *OUP*, 1981. 325.3A H46T.

-------, : *Tentacles of progress*.


One of the following contemporary accounts of 1857.


Godse, Vishnu Bhatt, : *Aankhon dekha gadar*, translated from Marathi into Hindi by Amritlal Nagar, (Marathi: *Maja Pravas*).

Lunt, J., (ed.) : *From sepoy to subedar*: Being the life and adventures of subedar Sita Ram, reprint, 1970 (probably an anglo-Indian account but with some sipahi input?).
