B.A. I\textsuperscript{st} Semester

COURSE NO.: \textbf{WAB-151 : Land & People in West Asia - A}

\textbf{Objectives:} Main objectives of this course are to acquaint the students with the land and people of West Asia. The course aims to familiarize the student with the conceptual framework for understanding the physical landscape and other related physical phenomena of the world in general and West Asia in specific. The aim of this course is to explain the geographical approach to the study of population of West Asia. It focuses on analysis of broad spatial patterns of West Asian population examining population, migration and urbanization relationship. This course also aims to familiarize the students with the basics of agricultural geography of West Asia.

\textbf{Course Content}

\textbf{UNIT-I GENERAL}
1.1 The Area : Terms and Definition
1.2 Major Physical divisions West Asia & North Africa : Continents; Oceans; Mountains; Deserts and Plains
1.3 General Climatic Conditions of West Asia & North Africa
1.4 Major Soil and Vegetation Types of West Asia & North Africa

\textbf{UNIT-II POPULATION}
2.1 Vital Demographic Characteristics
2.2 Population Growth, Distribution and Density of Population
2.3 Migration
2.4 Urbanization

\textbf{UNIT-III AGRICULTURE}
3.1 General Agricultural Problems
3.2 Land Tenure and Agrarian Reforms
3.3 Irrigation
3.4 Food and Cash Crops

\textbullet\ After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

\textbf{Suggested Readings:}
\begin{itemize}
    \item Europa Publications, \textit{Middle East and North Africa}, London.
    \item Fisher, W.B., \textit{The Middle East : a Physical, Social and Regional Geography}
    \item Colbert C. Held, \textit{Middle East Patterns : Places, People and Politics} London 1989.
    \item Fazli, R F., \textit{Human Resources Development in West Asia}, Aligarh Muslim University, 1997.
    \item Annual and Special Reports Published by \textit{Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia} (ESCWA).
    \item Annual and Special Reports –UN World Population Revision
    \item Annual and Special Reports –UN World Population Prospects
\end{itemize}
B.A. I\textsuperscript{st} Semester

COURSE NO- \textbf{WAB-152 : Land & People in West Asia - B}

\textbf{Objectives:} Main objectives of this course are to bring awareness among the students about the availability and finite nature of oil, gas and water resources in West Asia and North Africa; spatial distribution of natural resources; declining per capita availability of quality water; escalating demands and the looming water crisis. This course also aims to provide in-depth study of natural resources of some selected countries of West Asia.

\textbf{Course Content}

\textbf{UNIT-I NATURAL RESOURCES}

1. 1 Petroleum (Major Fields and Oil Reserves)
2. 1 Gas (Major Fields and Gas Reserves)
3. 1 Other metallic and Non-Metallic Minerals (Production and Distribution)
4. 1 Water Resources

\textbf{UNIT-II A BRIEF GEOGRAPHICAL STUDY (PHYSICAL FEATURES, NATURAL RESOURCES) OF THE FOLLOWING COUNTRIES}

2.1 Egypt
2.2 Iran
2.3 Israel
2.4 Saudi Arabia

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

\textbf{Suggested Readings:}

Fisher, W.B., \textit{The Middle East: a Physical, Social and Regional Geography}.
Annual and Special Reports Published by \textit{Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia} (ESCWA).
Annual and Special Reports –UN World Population Revision
Annual and Special Reports –UN World Population Prospects
B.A. II Semester

COURSE NO. : WAB-252 : HISTORY AND SOCIETY OF WEST ASIA - B

Objectives: This course covers within its fold a systematic and analytical coverage of history and society of West Asia. The aim of the course is to accustom the students with the history of establishment of Islamic state in West Asia. It is also to familiarize the students with the change in society of West Asian countries that have been experienced with the passage of time. The students will also learn the causes of Arab Nationalism and why the revolutions in Egypt and Iran came into being.

UNIT – I
1.1 Establishment of Islamic State (The First four Caliphs)
1.2 Umayyads: Administration, Society and Culture
1.3 Abbasids: Administration, Society and Culture
1.4 Ottoman Empire Origin and Expansion

UNIT – 2
2.1 Rise of Nationalism in West Asia
2.2 Zionism and partition of Palestine
2.3 Revolution of Egypt (1952)
2.4 Islamic Revolution of Iran (1979)

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :
1. Project Team of West Asian Studies, West Asia : An Introduction, Centre of West Asian Studies, A.M.U., Aligarh, 1994
4. Armajani, Yahya, Middle East : Past and Present, New Jersey, 1970
5. Hourani, Albert (eds), The Cambridge Encyclopaedia of the Middle East, 1988
B.A. II Semester

COURSE NO. : WAB-251 : HISTORY AND SOCIETY OF WEST ASIA – A

Objective: This course is informative as well as descriptive account to understand the Society and Culture of the West Asia. It covers the basic concept related to component of society, culture, tribe ethnicity, family, gender in west Asian context.

UNIT- 1 : UNDERSTANDING SOCIETY AND CULTURE
1.1 Basic Concept, Society & Culture, type of Society, Culture, Cultural Relativism and Ethnocentrism
1.2 Basic Feature of Arab Society and culture
1.3 Community, Non Muslim Community in West Asia
1.4 Ibn Khaldun Life and Intellectual tradition

UNIT-2 : Tribe, Ethnicity and Ethnic Group in West Asia
2.1 Understanding Tribe, Tribal Social Structure in West Asia, Nobel and Vassal Tribe
2.2 Understanding Ethnicity and Ethnic Group in West Asia,
2.3 The Semites,
2.4 The indo European & The Turkic People

UNIT- 3 : Family Gender and migration in West Asia
3.1 Family system in West Asia and its Farm
3.2 Understanding Feminism, Type of Feminism & Islamic Feminism in West Asia
3.3 Status of women in west Asia Saudi Arabia and UAE
3.4 Migration / Diaspora and Indian emigrant in West Asia

Expected Outcome: It is expected that after doing this course students would be able to Understand various component of the West Asian Society.

References:
03. Encyclopedia of West Asia, Department of West Asian Studies, A.M.U PP
10. West Asia: An Introduction (1994) Department of West Asian Studies, AM.U. PP 25-64s
Objective: Main objectives of this course are to familiarize the students with the political dynamism of West Asia. It will aid and assist the students to understand the political convolution of West Asia including establishment of Israel, Arab-Israeli conflict and Palestinian movement and struggle for Independence. This course also aims to infuse the students with awareness and knowledge about various peace accords that have taken place in West Asia.

1. UNIT I
   1.1 British Mandate in Palestine
   1.2 French Mandate in Lebanon
   1.3 UN Partition Plan
   1.4 The First Arab-Israeli War

2. UNIT II
   2.1 The Suez Crisis, 1956
   2.2 The Six Day War, 1967
   2.3 Yom Kippur War, 1973
   2.4 The Lebanon War, 1982

3. UNIT III
   3.1 The Camp David Accord
   3.2 First Intifada
   3.3 Oslo Accord
   3.4 Second Intifada

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. David Long and Bernard Reich, *Government and Politics in Middle East and North Africa*.
4. Peretz Don, *Middle East today*.
7. Said Abdul Moghay, *Arab Socialism*.
8. Karpat Kemal H. (ed.), *Political and social Thought in the Contemporary Middle East*.
COURSE NO.: WAB-352: Politics of West Asia-B

Objectives: Main objectives of this course are to accustom the students with the political transformation of Turkey after fall of Ottoman Empire, Zionism, rise of Arab Nationalism, creation of PLO and Islamic Revivalism in Iran. This course also aims to make students familiar with the involvement of the Great Powers in West Asian regional as well as international politics.

1. UNIT - I
   1.1 Turkey under Mustafa Kemal: Secularism
   1.2 Arab Nationalism: Nasserism and Baathism
   1.3 Zionism
   1.4 Islamic Revivalism: The 1979 Iranian Revolution

2. UNIT - II
   2.1 U.N and the creation of Israel
   2.2 First Arab-Israel War
   2.3 Origins and Evolution of the PLO
   2.4 The Great Powers in West Asia

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

17. Peretz Don, *Middle East today*.
B.A. IVth Semester

COURSE NO. : WAB-451 : ECONOMICS OF WEST ASIA-A

Objectives: This course aims to acquaint the students with the basics of economic terminologies so that they can understand the economic profile of West Asian countries easily.

1. Basic Economic concepts and issues:
   1.1 Concept of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics: Central Problems of an economy
   1.2 Some basic Economic Concepts: National Income, Factors of Production
   1.3 Circular flow of economic activity
   1.4 Sector of Economy, Balance of Trade, Balance of Payment: BOP Surplus and Deficit

2. Development Issues
   2.1 Concept of economic growth and development
   2.2 Factors behind underdevelopment of West Asian economies
   2.3 Human development in Arab economies
   2.4 Agriculture and Food Security

3. Regional Economic Cooperation
   3.1 Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)
   3.2 OPEC
   3.3 OPEC Fund: The Concept, Mechanism, and Programme
   3.4 Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC)

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. Europa Publications, Middle East and North Africa
2. CWAS, AMU, West Asia: An Introduction
3. Mana Saeed Al-Otaiba, OPEC and the Petroleum Industry
4. Abdul Azaz Al Sowayegh: The Arab Petro Politics
5. Y.A. Sayigh: The Economies of the Arab world.
6. Ibrahim F.J Shihata and others, The OPEC Fund for International Development
7. Mohammad Azhar, Contemporary Gulf Economies and Indo Gulf Relations
B.A. IVth Semester

COURSE NO. : WAB-452 : ECONOMICS OF WEST ASIA-B

Objectives: This course aims to acquaint the students with the profile of some of the significant countries of West Asia. As the whole region can be broadly divided into two major segments on the basis of their natural resource endowments as well as economic characteristics, the syllabus proposes to enlighten the students with this broad demarcation of West Asia.

1. The Oil Producing Economies
   1.1 Meaning and Characteristics of oil producing economies
   1.2 Saudi Arabia
   1.3 UAE
   1.4 Kuwait

2. The Non-Oil Producing Economies
   2.1 Meaning and Characteristics of oil producing economies
   2.2 Egypt
   2.3 Israel
   2.4 Jordan

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended :
1. Europea Publications, Middle east and North Africa
2. CWAS, AMU, West Asia: An Introduction
3. Y.A Saigh, The Economies of Arab World
4. Hourani, Albert (eds), The Cambridge Encyclopedia of the Middle East AMU
6. Patai, Raphel, Society, Culture and Change in the Middle East, Pennsylvania, 1969
WAM-1001: Society and Culture in West Asia

Objectives of the Course: This course is an advanced survey of Society and Culture in the West Asian region which make students help to understand the social structure and dynamics of contemporary west Asian society. The course also examines the dynamic of globalization including the questions of ethnicity religious sects, and social class and their intersection. The issues of tribes, ethnicity, gender, family are closely examined.

UNIT 1: Understanding Society and Culture in West Asia
1.1 Arab Society: Basic Characteristic and Features
1.2 Culture and Popular culture
1.3 Globalization and culture in West Asia
1.4 Social Classes and Tribes in West Asia

UNIT 2: Religious and Ethnic Minorities in the West Asia
2.1 Understanding Ethnicity: A debate on ethnicity
2.2 Ethnic groups in West Asia, The indo European, The Semites, The Turkic People
2.3 Ethnic and cultural minorities: Yazidis and Alawities
2.4 Kurdish ethnicity and their Quest for a Kurdish State

UNIT 3: Family, Gender and Society in West Asia
3.1 Family systems and its form,
3.2 Changing characteristic of Families s in West Asia
3.3 Debate of Islamic Feminism VS other Feminism
3.4 Feminist Movement in West Asia: Egypt and Lebanon

Outcome: After having gone through the contents students would be able to Understand various component of the West Asian Society and culture which facilitate in their informed understanding of exceedingly crucial concepts such as Ethnicity, Feminism and Its Types etc.

Reading List
3. Encyclopedia of West Asia, Department of West Asian Studies A.M.U
4. Farsoun Samih,( 1985) Arab Society: Continuity and Change,..
18. Khalaf, Samir and Roseanne Saad Khalaf (Eds.), Arab Society and Culture: An Essential Reader. London: Saqi, 2009
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)  
I SEMESTER

Course No. WAM-1002 : Physical and Human Geography of West Asia

Objectives: Main objectives of this course are to acquaint the students with physical and human geography of West Asia. The course aims to familiarize the student with the understanding of physical geography of West Asia. The aim of this course is to explain about the available finite nature of oil, gas and water resources in West Asia and North Africa; spatial distribution of natural resources; declining per capita availability of quality water; escalating demands and the looming water crisis. This course also aims to familiarize the students with the basics of tourism and pattern of tourist flows in West Asia.

1. Physical Setting
   1.1 Terms and Definition, Features of Unity and Diversity
   1.2 Physical Features
   1.3 Climate
   1.4 Soil: Types and Distribution: Vegetation Cover

2. Natural Resources
   2.1 Agriculture Resources: Irrigation, Land Reforms, Land Tenure
   2.2 Water Resources: Surface and Underground
   2.3 Oil and Gas: Fields and Production
   2.4 Other Mineral Resources

3. Tourism Geography of West Asia
   1.1 Concepts, Forms and Significance
   1.2 Tourist Motivation
   1.3 Elements of Tourism
   1.4 Tourist Flows - Domestic and International

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
9. Europa, *Middle East and North Africa* (various years)
DEPARTMENT OF WEST ASIAN AND NORTH AFRICAN STUDIES
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH
SESSION – 2019-20

Max. Marks 100
Sessional 30 Marks
End Semester 70 Marks
Credits 04

M.A.(INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
I SEMESTER

Course No. WAM-1003 : Economics of West Asia

Objective: This course aims to acquaint the students with the basics of economics. Further on completion of this course, the students will be in a position to analyse the characteristics of West Asian economy, its strengths as well as loopholes

Unit – I : General Economics Concepts
1.1 National and Per Capita Income, Factors of Production, Concept of Scarcity, New Exchange rate Regime
1.2 Concept of Growth, Development and Underdevelopment
1.3 Measures of Poverty and Inequility; Pole of FDI and Multinationals
1.4 General Economies Features of West Asia

Unit – II : International and West Asian Economic Trends
2.1 International Economics: Trade Blocks and Monetary Unions
2.2 Human Development Indices; Human Capital and Economics Growth
2.3 Human Development profile of the gulf economies
2.4 Economic Structure and Outlook of oil-based economies (Saudi Arabia and Kuwait)

Unit – III : Oil and Economic Diversification: Global significance
3.1 Petroleum, and its Global Importance, principal oil producing and exporting countries of West Asia
3.2 Oil Groupings : OPEC and OAPEC
3.3 Planning and Economic Development: Changing Role of Markets and Planning, Private Public Partnership
3.4 Development and Environmental Sustainability in the Gulf

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
1. Sayigh, Yusuf A., The Economies of the Arab World
3. Wilson, Rodney, Economic Development in the Middle East.
4. U.N.D.P. Human Development Reports
6. Tuma, Elias H., Economic and Political change in the Middle East.
7. Amin, S.S., The Modernization of Poverty
M.A. (International & West Asian Studies)

I SEMESTER

Course No.: WAM-1004: Governments and Politics of West Asia & North Africa

Objective: The contents of the course allows the students to comprehend the basic concepts of constitutionalism, governance and policy making to address in perspective the concerning national and international governing issues within the larger framework of democracy such as justice reform, good governance and human rights with special reference to the political systems as practiced in West Asian and North African region.

Unit- I Formations of Nation – State Systems in West Asia & North Africa

1.1 Geo-Strategic Significance of West Asia in the 21st Century
1.2 League of Nations and emergence of Modern Nation – State System in West Asia & North Africa
1.3 Nationalism and Arab – Nationalism: Genesis and growth
1.4 U N Partition Plan and the Creation of the State of Israel

Unit- II Contemporary Arab Regimes

2.1 Definition of the concept of State & Nation
2.2 Monarchical State System: Saudi Arabia
2.3 Confessional State System: Lebanon
2.4 Basic Features of the Islamic Government of Iran

UNIT-III State, Politics and Economy of Regionalism in West Asia & North Africa

3.1 Arab Regionalism: The League of Arab States, Genesis, Growth & Objectives
3.2 The League of Arab States: Organisation & Structure
3.3 Arab Sub-regionalism: Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), Organisation & Objectives
3.4 Gulf Cooperation Council & India

Outcome: The course contents will prepare the students to understand and comprehend theories, concepts and practices of power, justice and dispute resolution with special reference to West Asian and North African region.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
DEPARTMENT OF WEST ASIAN AND NORTH AFRICAN STUDIES
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH
SESSION – 2019-20

Max. Marks 100
Sessional 30 Marks
End Semester 70 Marks
Credits 04

M.A.(INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
I SEMESTER

Course No. WAM – 1005 : Research Methodology-I
The objective of this course is to introduce the subject of research and methodology to the post graduate classes. As an introductory course, it is concerned with initial and basic concepts of research & methodology. It is to act as grounding work for exposing the students to prepare them for a higher level of subject in the next semester.

1. Research Methodology: An Introduction
   1.1. Meaning and Objectives of Research
   1.2. Types of Researches
   1.3. Approaches to Research
   1.4. Significance of Social Research

2. Research Process and Design
   2.1. Defining Research Problem
   2.2. Meaning of Research Design
   2.3. Concepts Relating to Research Design
   2.4. Different Research Designs

3. Collection of Data
   3.1. Primary and Secondary data
   3.2. Collection of Primary Data through observation method
   3.3. Collection of Primary Data through Questionnaire method
   3.4. Secondary Data: Sources and Characteristics

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

M.A (International & West Asian Studies)
II Semester (CBCS)

Objective of this Course: The course is an advanced survey of major episodes of history which impacted the West Asian region. This course will review the emergence of the modern Middle East from the fall of the Ottoman Empire, at the end of the First World War to the present. The course will review the rise and retreat of Arab nationalism, the problems of internal cohesion of the Arab states; we will also focus on the evolution of the Arab-Israeli conflict and its impact on the region.

1. World War I, Its impact
   1.1 Causes of the World War I and the Ottoman
   1.2 World War I in West Asian Bafour Declaration Sykes-Pacot Agreement, sheriff Hussein, MacMohan correspondance
   1.3 The Mandate System
   1.4 League of Nations and Mandate in West Asia

2. Rise and Growth of Arab Nationalism
   2.1 The British and French Mandate in West Asia
   2.2 Rise of Zionism and the Palestine Question
   2.3 Partition of Palestine
   2.4 1948 Arab-Israel Conflict

3. West Asia Since World War II
   3.1 Origin & Growth of Nationalism, Arab Nationalism
   3.2 Nasserism & Baathism
   3.3 Confessionalism in Lebanon
   3.4 1967 War and its impact

Outcome: After having gone through the contents students would be able to understand facilitate in their informed understanding of exceedingly crucial concepts such as Ethnicity, Feminism and Its Types etc

Suggested Readings
1. Armajani, Yahya, *Middle East : Past and Present*
2. Lenczowski, G. *Middle East in world Affairs*
3. Peretz, Don, *The Middle East Today*
4. Gabrieli, F. *The Arab Revival*
5. Project Team of the Centre of West Asian Studies, *West Asia : An Introduction*
6. Akhtar Majeed (ed.), *Encyclopaedia of West Asia*.
Objectives: Main objectives of this course are to make students capable of knowing and understanding the geography and geopolitics of West Asia and North Africa. The course will cover nature and scope of political geography including various geopolitical thinkers and different geopolitical schools of thought. The course will familiarize the students with the location and strategic significance of waterways of West Asia as well as territorial disputes that is often related to possession of natural resources.

1. Nature and Scope of Political Geography
   1.1. Origin of Political Geography: Nature and Scope
   1.2. Geopolitical Thinkers: Mahan, Mackinder, Spykman
   1.3. Geopolitical Schools of Thought: the political Landscape School; the Political Ecology School; the Organismic School
   1.4. Political Region or Area: Location; The Core Area; Boundaries; Buffer zones

2. Strategic Significance of Water Ways
   2.1 Geopolitical Significance of Water Ways: Mediterranean Sea; Red Sea and Persian Gulf
   2.2 Geo-political Significance of Suez Canal
   2.3 The Strategic Importance of the Bab Al-Mandab Strait
   2.4 The Strategic Importance of the Strait of Hormuz

3. Disputes over Resources
   3.2 Disputes over water Resources: Tigris-Euphrates; and Jordan River
   3.3 Disputes over Oil resources
   3.4 Disputes over Gas resources
   3.4 Disputes in Arabian Peninsula: Bahrain and Qatar (Hawar Islands and Zubarah District): UAE and Iran (Greater and Lesser Tumb Islands)

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

SUGGESTED READINGS
M.A (International & West Asian Studies)
II Semester (CBCS)

Course No. WAM-2003 : West Asia and North Africa in World Affairs

Objectives: This paper will introduce students to the history and politics of the region in the wider context of 20th Century international relations. The recording of the boundaries of the region and the political landscape by extra-regional powers is the key component of this course.

1. Mandate in West Asia
   1.1 British Mandate in Palestine
   1.2 UN and the Partition of Palestine
   1.3 The First Arab Israeli War
   1.4 French Mandate in Lebanon

2. The Palestine National Movement
   2.1 PLO : Genesis and Evolution
   2.2 The Palestinian – Jordanian Conflict
   2.3 The Palestinian Resistance in Lebanon
   2.4 Palestinian Uprising in West Bank & Gaza: First Intifada

3. Geopolitics of Energy Resources
   3.1 Oil and Strategic Significance of the Gulf
   3.2 Energy Resources in the Mediterranean Basin
   3.3 Oil Crisis of 1973
   3.4 National Gas in the Persian Gulf

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

SUGGESTED READINGS:
1. Roy A. Anderson & John C. Wagner, Politics and change in the Middle East.
2. Mohd. Ayoob, The Middle East in world Politics
3. Michael C. Hudson, Arab Politics – The Search for Legitimacy
4. David Long, The Persian Gulf – An Introduction to its People, Politics & Economy
6. M.S. Agwani, Politics in the Gulf
7. Tim Niblock, Iraq – The Contemporary State
8. Tim, Niblock, Social and Economic Development in the Arab Gulf
9. Ghassam, Salame, The Foundations of the Arab State
10. Majid Khadduri, Political Trends in the Arab World
12. Maurice Harari, Govt. and Politics of the Middle East
13. Abdul D. & William Hartman, Beyond Coercion – The Durability of the Arab State
15. Ziad Abu Amr, Islamic Fundamentalism in West Bank & Gaza
16. Jawaid Iqbal, The Lebanese Civil
M.A (International & West Asian Studies)
II SEMESTER (CBCS)
Course No. WAM-2004: West Asian Economies and Global Context

Objective: This course deals with the development issues of West Asia region in Global Context. It tries to explain growth and development issues of the region in detail. The emphases lies in placing West Asian issues in Global Context.

1. Growth and Development: Problems and Policies
   1.1 Developmental Issues (Oil Exporting and Non-oil Exporting Countries)
   1.2 Economic Growth, Diversification and Structural Transformation
   1.3 Oil and Development
   1.4 Human Development Scenario in West Asia

2. Regional Economic Cooperation
   2.1 Rationale and Importance of Regional Economic Cooperation
   2.2 OPEC and Arab League
   2.3 GCC: Formation, Functioning and Current Scenario
   2.4 Intra-regional Trade in West Asia

3. Globalization and West Asian Economies
   3.1 Globalization: Benefits and Drawbacks
   3.2 Global Economy and West Asia
   3.3 Shifting Pattern of Arab Trade
   3.4 Migrant Labour in West Asia

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
M.A (International & West Asian Studies)  
II Semester (CBCS)

Course No. WAM-2005 : WAM-2005: Research Methodology-II

The objective of this course is to build upon the grounding of the subject of research and methodology that was done in the previous semester. The course has been designed with the purpose that students get the required training to prepare them to take the task of research.

Unit – I : Survey and Data Collection
1.1 Survey Techniques and its Relevance  
1.2. Measurement and Scaling in Social Sciences  
1.3. Projective Techniques  
1.4. Case Study method

Unit – II : Processing and Analysis of Data
2.1. Editing, Coding, Classification and Tabulation  
2.2. Importance of Statistics in Research  
2.3. Concept, Formation and Types of Hypothesis  
2.4. Pilot Study

Unit – III : Project Designing & Report
3.1. Writing a Project Proposal  
3.2. Project Appraisal  
3.3. The bibliography and referencing Styles  
3.4. Steps in Writing the Research Report

After having gone through the above contents in the syllabus, the students shall be in a position to deal with the issues related with the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. Kothari, C.R and Garg, Gaurav : Research Methodology: Methods & Techniques  
3. Sadhu & Singh : Research Methodology in Social Sciences  
4. Nagar, A.L : Basic Statistics  
5. Good & Hart : Research Methodology
Objective: The course has been designed to acquaint the students with the basic learning of Arabia languages. The course also aims to develop understanding pertaining to grammar, vocabulary and usage of simple functions and concept of Modern Arabic Language among the students.

UNIT – I GRAMMAR
Implied as in Arabic Course Handbooks:

1.1 Nouns and Adjectives: Gender and Number.
1.2 Pronouns: Personal, Demonstrative and Relative.
1.3 Verbs Conjugations: Perfect, Imperfect, Imperative and Prohibitive.
1.4 Adjectival and Construct phrases and Nominal and Verbal Sentences

UNIT – II COMPOSITION
From the Text Book given below in Unit II:
2.1 Meaning of Modern Vocabulary
2.2 Use of words into Phrases and Sentences
2.3 Correction of Wrong Phrases and Sentences
2.4 Singular / Plural

UNIT – II READINGS From PRESCRIBED TEXTBOOK
Duroosun fil Arabiyyah, by F.H. Megally and M. Mansoor

3.1 Lesson Nos. 1—4 (from Fi al-Matar to Fi al-Funduq)
3.2 Lesson Nos. 5—8 (from Fi al-Mat’am to Jaulah fi al-Qahirah)
3.3 Lesson Nos. 9—12 (from Fi al-Bank to Yaumun fi al-Reef)
3.4 Lesson Nos. 13—15 (from At-Tabibu wa As-Saidiyyu to At-Tabibu)

Outcome of the course: After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to answer questions based on text book; to apply knowledge of basic Arabic grammar and to construct grammatically correct sentences in Arabic.
Course No. WAM-3021: Population Studies of West Asia

Objective: Population Geography is a study of a group of individuals taken from the general population who share a common characteristic. The course focuses on the process or causal mechanism underlying population change and on the historical, cultural, and institutional context in which these processes originate and evolve. The paper introduces the concept, nature, and scope of population geography: detailed population profile of West Asian countries and issues, patterns, and trends of migration and urbanization in the West Asian region.

1. **Introduction**
   1.1 Nature and Scope of Population Geography
   1.2 Basic Demographic concepts and data: International statistics; census; vital statistics; migration statistics.
   1.3 Population and resources: concept of optimum population; over-population and under-population; zero population growth rates; demographic window of opportunity.
   1.4 Theory of Demographic Transition

2. **Population Profile of West Asia**
   2.1 Population Growth and Change
   2.2 Population Distribution and Density
   2.2 Population Composition (Birth Rate; Death Rate; Fertility and Mortality)
   2.4 Three Main Age Cohorts: Dependent Children; Economically Active Population; Dependent Aged

3. **Migration and Urbanization in West Asia**
   3.1 Migration (Internal and International)
   3.2 Emigration and Immigration in politically disturb countries of West Asia
   3.3 International Migration in GCC countries
   3.4 Trend and Pattern of Urbanization in West Asia

- *After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.*
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

9. Bernard, H. Russel, *Social Research Methods* (Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches)
DEPARTMENT OF WEST ASIAN AND NORTH AFRICAN STUDIES
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH
SESSION – 2018-19

Max. Marks 100
Sessional 30 Marks
End Semester 70 Marks
Credits 04

M.A.(INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
III SEMESTER
(Geography Stream)

Course No. WAM-3022: Arab Geographical Thought

1. Geography from the Earlier Times to the Dawn of Arab Awakening
   1.1 Geographical Ideas of Babylonians, Egyptians, Phoenicians, Indians and Persians
   1.2 Geographical Ideas of the Greeks
   1.3 Geography of Christian Pilgrim Travellers
   1.4 Geography among the early Arabs

2. Contribution of the Arab Geographers to the Different Branches of the Subject
   2.1 Astronomic-Mathematical Geography
   2.2 Physical Geography
   2.3 Human Geography
   2.4 Regional Geography

3. Contemporary Movements in Geography
   3.1 Concepts of Determinism in Geography
   3.2 Possibilist Approach in Geography
   3.3 Quantative Revolution in Geography
   3.4 Modern Themes in Geographical Thought

Books Recommended:

3. Tozer H.F., *A History of Ancient Geography*
8. Kimble, G.H.T., *Geography of the Middle Ages*, (London)
9. Alavi S. M. Ziauddin., *Arab Geography in Ninth and Tenth Centuries*, (AMU, Aligarh)
DEPARTMENT OF WEST ASIAN AND NORTH AFRICAN STUDIES
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH
SESSION – 2019-20

Max. Marks | 100
---|---
Sessional | 30 Marks
End Semester | 70 Marks
Credits | 04

M.A.(INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
III SEMESTER
(Geography Stream)

Course No.WAM-3023: Economic and Social Geography of West Asia

1. **Theories of Economic Development**
   1.1 Von-Thumen (Land Use), Theory of Agricultural Location,
   1.2 Game Theory
   1.3 Industrial Location Theory
   1.4 Unified Field Theory

2. **Geo-Political Set Up**
   2.1 Historical Political Evolution of West Asia
   2.2 Geopolitical Significance of West Asia
   2.3 Boundary disputes and Territorial Claims
   2.4 Strategic Waterways or Strait

3. **Level of Economic Development**
   3.1 Problems of Economic Development
   3.2 Level of Industrial Development in West Asia
   3.3 Regional Inequalities
   3.4 Regional Overview of socio-Economic Development

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
1. Peter Beaumont et.al, *The Middle East: A Geographical Study*
Objective: Remote sensing is the process of detecting and monitoring the physical characteristics of an area by measuring its reflected and emitted radiation at a distance (typically from satellite or aircraft). The course focuses on providing in-depth knowledge of remote sensing basics, principals, image interpretation, and applies remote sensing to study the issues of regional geography. The course in Remote Sensing will allow students to build their knowledge and practical expertise in Remote Sensing applications in the West Asian region on various issues like agriculture studies, urban studies, natural hazards, disaster management, and environmental studies.

1. **Physical Bases of Remote Sensing**
   1.3. Remote Sensing Platforms

2. **Image Interpretation and Classification: Persian Gulf Region & Trans National Rivers of West Asia**
   2.1 Basic Principles of Image Interpretation
   2.2 Image classification: Supervised
   2.3 Image classification: Unsupervised
   2.4 Image Enhancement

3. **Remote Sensing Applications in West Asia**
   1. Agriculture and Forestry
   2. Urban and Land Development
   3. Resources and Environment
   4. Natural Hazards and Disasters

After the completion of the course, students will gain familiarity with a variety of physical, and human geographic applications of remote sensing in the West Asian region. Students will develop a capacity for independent research, problem analysis, and solution in area studies using remote sensing as a robust tool of research from the geographical perspective.
**Books Recommended:**

4. Prentice-Hall.
7. Reddy, M.A. Remote Sensing and Geographical Information system (An Introduction), Hyderabad
   Company Web site References Self-learning with interactive example.
M.A.(INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
III SEMESTER
(OPEN ELECTIVE)

COURSE NO. : WAM-3091: Introduction of West Asia

UNIT – I
1. Terms and Definition
2. Physical features and climate of West Asia
3. Natural Resources of West Asia
4. Population dynamics of West Asia

UNIT – II
1. Rise and spread of Islam in West Asia and North Africa
2. Causes of the Decline of the Ottoman Empire
3. Understanding West Asian Society and Culture
4. Peoples and Ethnic group in West Asia

UNIT-III
1. Rise and Growth of Arab Nationalism
2. Zionism and the creation of Israel
3. General Economic features of Arab Economies of West Asia
4. Oil and non-oil Economies: their Economic issues

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
05. Europa Publications, Middle East and North Africa, London (various Issues)
06. Fisher, W.B., Middle East : A Physical, Social and Regional Geography, London 1971
08. Roberts, Hugh, An Urban Profile of the Middle East, London 1979
09. Bernard, H. Russel, Social Research Methods (Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches)
10. Kothari, C.R., Research Methods and Techniques
11. Sallvitz, H., Logic of Research
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
III SEMESTER

Economics Stream
Course No. WAM-3011: Political Economy of Development in West Asia

Objective: The course tries to explain political economy of West Asia, it delve to explain possible long run course of economic development in the region. Role of both formal and informal institutions has been explained in detail.

1. Development experience of West Asia
   1.1 Historical perspective of growth and development of West Asian Economies
   1.2 Developmental scenario of West Asia before and after the oil phenomenon
   1.3 Oil and Development
   1.4 Developmental experience of non-oil Nations of West Asia

2. Institutions and Development
   2.1 Democracy and Development nexus
   2.2 Religion and Development
   2.3 Statism, rent seeking, corruption and development
   2.4 Oil, Institutions and Development

3. Recent Scenarios
   3.1 World Economy and West Asia
   3.2 Diversification Experience of GCC economies
   3.3 Political Economy of Arab Spring
   3.4 Arab Spring: Economic Repercussions

   • After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
   Available at https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/20576
7. Joseph Pelzman (2012), The Economics of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA), World Scientific Publishing Ltd.
16. Roger Owen (1993), The Middle East in the world economy: 1800-1914
Objective: Given the centrality and dominance of energy in West Asia this paper tries to explain various dimensions of it. It focuses on understanding pros and cons of energy dominance in economic development.

1. Energy Resources and West Asia
   1.1 Energy Resources and their geographical spread
   1.2 Importance of West Asia for Energy requirement
   1.3 Energy and Development
   1.4 Natural resource curse phenomenon

2. Economic of Oil
   2.1 Petroleum market: demand, supply and price mechanism
   2.2 Oil prices and Macro economy
   2.3 Oil and Economic cooperation and Integration in West Asia
   2.4 OPEC

3. Oil and Issues in Development
   3.1 Economic reform and Diversification
   3.2 Oil and Rentier state in West Asia
   3.3 Oil and Environment
   3.4 Oil and Conflict

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
11. Joseph Peitzman (2012), The Economics of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA), World Scientific Publishing Ltd.
Course No. WAM-3013 : International Trade and West Asia

Objective: This course combines within its folds a systematic coverage of theory and policy concerning international trade. On completion of this course, the students will not just be able to acquire knowledge of various complexities of international trade but they will also be in a position to analyse the trade relations between different countries especially, West Asian trade relations with the rest of the world.

UNIT - I

1.1 Old and New Theories of International Trade
1.2 Terms of Trade and Offer Curve
1.3 Forms of Protection: Tariff and Quota
1.4 Trade as an Engine of Growth and Theories of Underdevelopment in an Open Economy

UNIT - II

2.1 Balance of Trade and Balance of payments : Components and Structure
2.2 BOP, Adjustments and Policy Coordination in an open Economy Macromodel
2.3 Exchange Rate Adjustments under Capital Mobility
2.4 Trade Policy and Developing Countries

UNIT - III

3.1 Oil Trade of West Asia : Regional and International Perspective
3.2 GCC Trade Flows
3.4 WTO: TRIMS, TRIPS, Domestic Measures, Different Rounds of WTO tasks.

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. Salvatore, D. International Economics
3. Narula, S. Gulf Economies in Indian Perspective
4. Jha, A.N., India’s Economic Diplomacy in the Gulf
5. Jhingan, M.N: International Economics
6. Wilson, Rodney, Gulf Trade and Finance
7. Javed Ahmad Khan, India and West Asia : Emerging Markets in the Liberalisation Era
8. Azhar Muhammad, Contemporary Gulf Economies and Indo-Gulf Relations
10. IMF : Direction of Trade Statistics
11. Europa : Year Book (Various issues)
Course No. WAM-3014 : International Finance and West Asia

The objective of the course is to apprise the students of importance of West Asia in international finance. The course has been designed to provide students with concepts and tools of international finance as well as the contemporary development in West Asia in this context. The course would empower the student with theoretical as well as practical issues of international finance in west Asia.

1. Introduction to the International Finance
   1.1 International Finance : Nature and Significance
   1.2 International Financial Institutions : International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank (WB) and World Trade Organization (WTO)
   1.3 Regional Financial Institution : Arab Monetary Fund (AMF)
   1.4 Theories of International Finance: Interest Rate Parity and Purchasing Power Parity

2. The Foreign Exchange Market
   2.1 The Concepts of Foreign Exchange
   2.2 The determination of exchange rates
   2.3 Exchange Controls
   2.4 Exchange rate Policy in G.C.C. countries

3. Foreign Investment & Capital Markets
   3.1 Foreign Investment : Concepts & Issues
   3.2 Foreign Investment regime in west Asia (Saudi Arabia, Iran,)
   3.3 Petrodollars & Foreign Investment (Saudi Arabia & Kuwait)
   3.4 Stock Markets in west Asia (Kuwait and United Arab Emirates)

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
Objective: The purpose of this course is to help the Students of West Asian Studies to understand the broad ideologies and political trends of the West Asian region. It is critical review how different ideology particularly religious ideologies have shaped and justified hegemony and counter hegemonic political project in West Asian region.

1. UNIT I
   1.1 European Imperialism and the Ottoman Empire, 1850s - 1920
   1.2 Pan Islamism and the Young Turks
   1.3 Ataturkism and Anti Colonialism
   1.4 Ataturkism & Secularism

2. UNIT II
   2.1 Foundation of Arab Nationalism
   2.2 The Six Day War, 1967
   2.3 Islamic Brotherhood, Genesis
   2.4 The Principles of Nasserism

3. UNIT III
   3.1 Political Zionism Vs Religious Zionism
   3.2 The PLO and the Palestinian state
   3.3 Islamic Ideology and Revolution in Iran
   3.4 Islamic Resistance Movements and Hamas in Palestine

Outcome: After having gone through the contents students would be able to understand global ideology as well major ideologies in West Asian region which have influenced the politics and society of this region.

- Books Recommended:
  1. Richard, Allen, *Imperialism and Nationalism in the Fertile Crescent*
  2. Antonious George, *The Arab Awakening*
  4. Majid Khadduri, *Arab Contemporaries*
  5. Albert Hourani, *Arab thought in the Liberal Age (1798-1939)*
  6. Lenczowski, G., *The Middle East in World Affairs*
  7. Nadaf Safran, *Israel : The Embattled Ally*
  8. Richard Worth, *Israel and the Arab States*
  9. Dilip Hiro, *Inside the Middle East*
  11. Dilip Hiro, *Islamic Fundamentalism*
  12. Mohammad, Ayoob, *The Politics of Islamic Reassertion*
  13. Kemal H. Karpat, *Political & social thought in the Contemporary Middle East*
  14. Leonard Binder, *Revolution in Iran*
  15. *Dawn of the Islamic Revolution (Echo of Islam VI Special Issue)*
  16. Dilip, Hiro, *Iran Under Ayatollahs*
  17. Tariq Y. Isral and Jacqeline S. Ismail, *Government and Politics in Islam*
  18. Adeeed Dawisha (ed.) *Islam in foreign Policy*
  19. Sharabi, Hisham, *Nationalism and Revolution in the Arab world*
  20. Yahya Armajani, *Middle East : Past & Present*
  21. Syulvia Helm, *Arab Nationalism : An Anthology*
  22. Rex Brynen, Bahgat Koreny, Paul Noble; *Political Liberalization and Democratisation in the Ara
Course No. WAM-3032: Governance & State Building in West Asia & North Africa

Objective: The paper aims to improve the knowledge and functioning of global governance and regional governing institutions and of contemporary Arab regimes such as Monarchical and Confessional state systems in Saudi Arabia and Lebanon. The objective is to unveil the workings of the contemporary Arab regimes, the Arab regional organizations blended in the larger concept of Arab Nationalism to comprehend the underlying issues in a more objective manner.

1. Governance & Civil Society in West Asia & North Africa
   1.1 Democracy and Governance: Meaning, Definition & Types
   1.2 Typology of Arab Political System: Conceptualising and typifying Arab Political Order
   1.3 Confessional Democratic Government in Lebanon
   1.4 Civil Society & Political Order in West Asia & North Africa: Meaning & relevance

2. Governance & Constitutional Development in West Asia & North Africa
   2.1 Governance in Saudi Arabia: Political Framework
   2.2 Governance in Egypt: Political Framework
   2.3 Human Rights in Egypt: Right to Life & Personal Safety
   2.4 Governance & the recent uprisings in the Arab World: Arab Spring

3. Political Activism & Governance in West Asia & North Africa
   3.1 Concept of constitutionalism and Democracy in Iran
   3.2 Zionism & the creation of the State of Israel
   3.3 Human Rights in west Bank & Gaza Strip: An Assessment
   3.4 Arab Exceptionalism: Critical Assessment

Outcome: After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to comprehend and understand the functioning of the state systems and the working of regional organizations pertaining to the area of study.

SUGGESTED READING:
Course No. WAM-3033: Arab-Israeli Conflict in International Politics

1. The Arab – Israeli Wars
   1.1 Suez Crisis
   1.2 The Six Day War
   1.3 Ramadan War
   1.4 Operation Peace for Galilee

2. The Peace Process
   2.1 Egyptian-Israeli Peace Treaty
   2.2 The First intifada
   2.3 Madrid Conference
   2.4 Oslo Accord

3. Israeli – Palestinian Conflict
   3.1 Palestine Self Rule in West Bank & Gaza
   3.2 Second Intifada
   3.3 GAZA Disengagement
   3.4 Israeli Military Operations in Gaza

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:

6. Gulshan Dietl, Through Two Gulf Wars and Beyond
Course No. WAM-3034: Regional Conflicts in West Asia

1. **Territorial Disputes**
   1.1 The Shattal – Arab Disputes
   1.2 Iraq-Kuwait Territorial Dispute
   1.3 UAE – Iran Territorial Dispute
   1.4 The Latin River Dispute

2. **Regional Conflicts and International Intervention**
   2.1 Iraqi Invasion of Kuwait & Gulf War I
   2.2 American- British Invasion of Iraq
   2.3 Syrian Intervention in Lebanon
   2.4 Syrian Civil War and External Actors

3. **Sectarian Conflicts**
   3.1 Shite Resurgence in Lebanon: Hisbolah
   3.2 Christian Separatist in Lebanon: The Phalangists
   3.3 The Yemin Civil War
   3.4 The ISIL

   *After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.*

**Books Recommended:**

1. Peter Mangold, 1978 *Super Power Intervention in the Middle East.*
5. Talal Nizameddin, 1988 *Russia & the Middle East*
Objective: The course addresses the basic economic development issues of West Asia. The emphasis in this course is on theoretical and empirical side of development it also tries to make aware students about recent advances.

1. **Growth and Development**
   1.1 Economic Growth and Development: Concept and Limitations
   1.2 Determinants of Economic Development
   1.3 Main Characteristics of Underdeveloped Economies : Oil Exporting Countries of West Asia
   1.4 Main Characteristics of Underdeveloped Economies : Non-Oil Exporting Countries of West Asia

2. **Theories and Growth**
   2.1 Recordian Growth Model
   2.2 Theory of Big Push
   2.3 Balanced v/s Unbalanced Growth Models
   2.4 Theory of Stages of Growth

3. **Development Issues**
   3.1 Major Issues of Development in West Asia
   3.2 Rentier nature of the oil economies in West Asia
   3.3 Economic Liberalisation in the Arab Gulf Economies
   3.4 Economic Diversification: The Bahrain Experience

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED**:

2. Y.A. Sayigh, *The Economies of the Arab World*
3. Y.A. Sayigh, *Determinants of Arab Economic Development*
4. Amuzegar, Jahangir : *Economic Development of Iran Under Dualistic Conditions*
5. Al-Farsi, Saud, *Saudi Arabia : A Case Study in Development*
6. Y.A. Sayigh, *The Arab Economy*
8. Europa Publication : *The Middle East North Africa (Latest Issue)*
9. Abbas Abdel Karim, *Change and Development in the Gulf*
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV Semester

Course No. WAM-4012 : Banking and Finance in West Asia

The objective of the course is to apprise the significance of Banking & Finance in West Asia. The course is a mixture of theoretical and practical issues relating to the subject. The course would empower the student with theoretical as well as practical issues of banking & finance in West Asia.

1. The Commercial Banking
   1.1 The Principles of Commercial Banking
   1.2 Commercial Banking in West Asia (Saudi Arabia and Kuwait)
   1.3 Indicators of Financial Development and Lending Pattern of Commercial Banks (Saudi Arabia, Kuwait)
   1.4 Offshore Banking in West Asia (Bahrain)

2. The Central Banking
   2.1 Principles of Central Banking
   2.2 Central Banking in West Asia (Saudi Arabia and Kuwait)
   2.3 Measures of Money Supply
   2.4 Monetary Policy in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait

3. The Islamic Banking and Finance
   3.1 Islamic Banking : Concepts and Principles
   3.2 Islamic Banking in West Asia (Saudi Arabia and Kuwait)
   3.3 Islamic Development Bank
   3.4 Islamic Financial Markets : Concept and Types

- After having gone through the above contents in the syllabus, the students shall be in a position to deal with the issues related to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
02. SAMA, SAMA Reports
03. Central Bank of Kuwait, The Economic Report
04. Jone, Geoffrey, Banking and Oil
05. Azzam, Henry T., Gulf Financial Markets
06. Seznec Jean-Francois, The Financial Markets of the Arabian Gulf
07. Mannan, M.A., Islamic Economics : Theory and Practice
08. S.A. Meenai, The Islamic Development Bank
09. Ahmad, Ausaf "Contemporary Practices of Islamic Financing techniques"
10. Articles in Periodic Literature (As suggested) by teacher from time to time.
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Economics Stream)

Course No. WAM-4013 : International Economic Cooperation in West Asia

Objective: In today’s era of multilateralism, this course is quite crucial for the students. On completion of this course, the students will be in a better position to analyse the benefits and hurdles of economic co-operation. The course also aims to acquaint the students with the major groupings of West Asia depicting economic co-operation.

UNIT - I
1.1 Basis and Determinants of Economic Cooperation
1.2 South – South Trade
1.3 North – South Trade
1.4 Economic Cooperation in West Asia: Benefits and Obstacles

UNIT - II
2.1 International Finance in West Asia (Saudi Arabia)
2.2 Oil Prices: Impact on Oil Importing Countries
2.3 Cooperation between Oil Producers: OPEC
2.4 Cooperation between Oil Producers: Non-OPEC

UNIT - III
3.1 Foreign Aid: Types and Characteristics
3.2 Arab Aid Institutions: Multilateral (AFESD)
3.3 Arab Aid Institutions: National (KFAED)
3.4 Trends in Arab Foreign Aid

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. Singer, Hans and Tandon (eds.) Challenges of South – South Cooperation
2. Singer, H. and Ansari, Rich and Poor Countries
3. Hunter, Shireen, OPEC and the Third world
4. Achilli and Kahlidi, The Role of Arab Development Funds in the World Economy
6. Demir, Soliman, The Kuwait Fund and the Political Economy of Arab Regional Development
7. El Mallakh, Ragaei, Economic Development and Regional Cooperation : Kuwait
8. Shihata, Ibrahim F.I., The Other Face of OPEC
Objective: This course aims to acquaint the students with the mechanism of public finance in West Asia. On completion of this course, the students will be able to analyse the policies of the government regarding public expenditure, budget, formation, fiscal policy etc.

Unit – I : Introduction and Functions of Public Finance
1.1 Importance and role of Public Finance
1.2 Objectives of public Finance: Resource Mobilization and Distribution
1.3 Public Finance and Policy in Kuwait
1.4 Public Finance and Policy in Saudi Arabia

Unit – II : Public Revenues and Budget Making
2.1 Types and classification of Public Revenues
2.2 Public Budget: Revenue and Capital Budgets
2.3 Importance of budget in oil exporting countries: Kuwait & Saudi Arabia
2.4 Budget as an Instrument of Fiscal Policy

Unit – III : Public Expenditure, Fiscal Policy and Development
3.1 Fiscal Policy, stability and Growth
3.2 Role of fiscal policy in economic development
3.3 Public Expenditure – Structure and Growth in Kuwait
3.4 Social Sector public expenditures in Kuwait and Saudi Arabia

• After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
1. Taylor, P.E. : Economics of Public Finance
2. Musgrave & Musgrave : Public Finance in Theory & Practice
5. Eckstein. O. : Public Finance
7. El Mallakh Ragaei : Saudi Arabia : Rush to Development
Objective: This course explores regionalism and foreign policy analyses, discusses the particular features of the regional powers and critically analyses the role of the global powers in all of these areas. The course also aims at placing the debates around foreign policy within the broader context of International Relations theories and perspectives.

1. **Saudi Arabia**
   - 1.1 Islam as a factor in Saudi Foreign Policy
   - 1.2 Saudi – US Relationship
   - 1.3 Saudi-Iranian Rivalry
   - 1.4 Saudi Quest for leadership in Arab World

2. **Islamic Republic of Iran**
   - 2.1 Iran-US relations
   - 2.2 Iran and the Gulf
   - 2.3 Iran and Hezbollah
   - 2.4 Iran’s Relations with Syria

3. **Israel**
   - 3.1 Israel’s relation with the US
   - 3.2 Israel Relation with South Africa
   - 3.3 Israelis relations with Turkey
   - 3.4 Israel’s relation with India

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:

1. Sheikh R. Ali, *Oil and Power : Political Dynamics in the Middle East*
2. M.S. Agwani, *Politics in the Gulf*
3. Shwadran, Benjamin, 1986 *Middle East Oil Crisis Since 1973*,
5. Titatsoo, E.N., 1976 *Oil Fields of the World*,
7. A.K. Pasha, *India & West Asia: Continuity & Change*
Course No. WAM-4032: Islamic Resurgence & Changing Polity in West Asia

Objective: Islamic resurgence political Islam are one of the most important developments of the 20th century. This course will provide a theoretical as well as descriptive, analytical understanding about the emergence of political Islam and how it impacted the politics of west Asian region and beyond.

Unit-I Understanding Islamic resurgence
1. Historical Genology of Islamic Resurgence
2. Conceptual understanding of Islamic Resurgence/Revivalism, Political Islam
3. Theories of Islamic Resurgence
4. A critical appraisal of political Islam

Unit-II - Islamic Resurgence and politics in West Asia
1. Modern Islamic activism: The Muslim Brotherhood
2. Islamic republic of Iran: Khomeini’s concept of government
3. Islamic republic of Iran after Ayatullah Khomeini
4. Arab spring & Muslim Brotherhood

Unit-III - Islamic resurgence in Lebanon & Palestine
1. The shia in Lebanese Politics
2. The Hizbollah and the Conflict with Israel
3. Origins and Evolution of Hamas and its role in intifada
4. Hama Government in Gaza

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
2. Ajami Foud, 1986 The Vanished Imam.
4. Jawaid Iqbal, 1999 Lebanese Civil War.
6. Amal Saad-Ghorayeb, Hizbollah, 2002
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Political Science Stream)

Course No. WAM-4033: Contemporary Political Issues in West Asia and North Africa

Objective: This course post Colonialism, authoritarianism, democracy and resistance, nationalism, ethnicity, religion and Islamism as well as Civil Society. It also aims to locating political development in the region within broader debates concerning the future of the region.

1. Regional Integration in West Asia
   1.1 The Arab League
   1.2 The Gulf Cooperation Council
   1.3 OAPEC
   1.4 OIC

2. Political Instability in Lebanon
   2.1 Deployment of UNIFIL
   2.2 Lebanese Crisis of 2005
   2.3 2006 Lebanese War
   2.4 The Refugee Crisis in Lebanon

3. Arab Spring
   3.1 The Arab Spring in Tunisia
   3.2 The Arab Spring in Egypt
   3.3 Overthrow of Muslim Brotherhood in Egypt
   3.4 Arab Spring in Libya
   • After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommend:
1. Hamid Debastin, The Arab Spring
2. Paul Denahar, The New Middle East
3. Mare Lynch, The Arab Upspring
4. David Kirpatrick, Into the Hands of the Soldiers
5. Michael Young, The Ghosts of Martyr’s Square
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Political Science Stream)

Course No. WAM-4034: Conflict & Conflict Resolution in West Asia & North Africa

Objective: The objective of the course is to introduce the students the concepts of war and peace, conflict and conflict transformation and the ways in which nation and the people organize and wage conflicts to achieve what they perceive as just ends.

UNIT-I Conflict & Conflict Resolution in West Asia.
1.2 Methods for Coping with Conflicts: Hard Zero Sum Situation: Third Party Intervention
1.3 Multi Track Diplomacy: Track Two Diplomacy
1.4 West Asia in World Affairs.

UNIT-II Conflicts in West Asia
2.1 Arab- Israeli Conflicts: Nature & Origins
2.2 The First Arab Israeli War 1947
2.3 The Arab Israeli War” 1967 & Yom Kippur War 1973
2.4 Low Intensity Conflict: Egypt & Muslim Brotherhood

UNIT-III Divergent Path to Peace in West Asia.
3.1 Camp David Accord 1978
3.2 Madrid Peace Accord 1991
3.3 Oslo Peace Accord (Declaration of Principle) 1993.
3.4 Oslo Peace Accord-II

Outcome: Conflict Resolution is an interdisciplinary field. By focusing on problems of conflict particularly of a violent and still of a assertive nature as experienced in West Asian and north African Region, students will be able to comprehend and analyse the resultant issues in a more objective manner.

SUGGESTED READING
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Arabic)

COURSE NO. : WAM-4001: MODERN ELEMENTARY ARABIC (Part-II)

Objective: The course aim to develop understanding among the students pertaining to translation mainly from Arabic to English and to strengthen vocabulary so that they would be able to search reading material of Arabic language related to their interests from the Library.

UNIT – I TRANSLATION
Of simple Phrases and Sentences from the Prescribed Textbook :
(a) Arabic to English
(b) English to Arabic
(c) Meanings of Difficult Words in Arabic
(d) Meaning of Difficult Words in English

UNIT – II READINGS From PRESCRIBED TEXTBOOK

2.1 Lesson Nos.16—19 (from Nahnu al-Yaum to Uhaddithukum al-Yaum)
2.2 Lesson Nos.20—22 (from Ana Uhibbu al-Ala’ab to Fi Wasti Madiati al-Qahira)
2.3 Lesson Nos. 23—26 (from Al-Uqsur Wa Aswan to As-Sabru Miftah Al-Faraj)
2.4 Lesson Nos. 27—30 (from Fi As Sa’ati At-Tasi to Ghadan Tantahi Ziyaratuna)

UNIT – III CONVERSATION
In simple Phrases and sentences on the topics related to :
3.1 Social Courtesies
3.2 Student life
3.3 University Life
3.4 Market Needs

Outcome of the course: After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to answer questions based on text book; to apply knowledge of basic Arabic grammar and to construct grammatically correct sentences in Arabic.
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Geography Stream)

Course No. WAM-4021: Major Resources and Development in West Asia

Objectives: Main objectives of this course are to let the students know about major resources that are abundantly found in West Asia. This course also aims to introduce the students about the economic development as well as to highlight the main causes of economic inequality in the region. On completion of this course the students will be able to distinguish the main causes of economic disparity among West Asian countries. The students will also be able to acquire knowledge about agricultural practices and its related problems in West Asia.

1. Natural Resources
   1.1 Renewable (Land Water, and Forest Resources)
   1.2 Non-Renewable Resources (Oil and Mineral Resources)
   1.3 Major Energy Resources (Oil, Gas, Nuclear, Hydro and Thermal)
   1.4 Management of Natural Resources

2. Economic Development in West Asia
   2.1 Industry and Trade
   2.2 Regional Economic Cooperation
   2.3 Transport – Flows and Networks
   2.4 Problems of Economic Development

3. Agriculture - Process and Pattern
   3.1 Physical, Social and Economic Influences on Agriculture
   3.2 Land use Organization and Pattern of Land use
   3.3 Vertical and Horizontal Development in Agriculture
   3.4 Agrarian Reform

   After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended
1. Peter Beaumont et.al. The Middle East : A Geographical Study (Bristol, 1976)
5. M. Abdel Kader Hatem, Land of the Arabs (London 19770
6. S. Narule, India’s Gulf Exports : Features Trends and Prospects (Delhi, 1988)
M.A. (INTERNATIONAL & WEST ASIAN STUDIES)
IV SEMESTER
(Geography Stream)

Course No. WAM-4022: Regional Geography of West Asia

Objectives: Main objectives of this course are to provide a systematic description of regional geography of West Asia so that students can visualize the regional diversity and distinctiveness of West Asia as a region. After going through the course the students will be able to know that West Asian countries may be divided into different regions on the basis of topography, climate, agriculture and economic development.

1. Arabian Peninsula States
   1.1 Physical Division and Climate
   1.2 Soil and Vegetation
   1.3 Oil and Gas – Major Fields, Reserves and Production
   1.4 Economic Development

2. Northern States
   2.1 Physical Features and Climate
   2.2 Soil and Vegetation
   2.3 Agriculture Expansion : Irrigation and Agrarian Reform
   2.4 Industrial Development

3. Fertile Crescent States
   3.1 Physical Pattern and Climate
   3.2 Soil & Vegetation
   3.3 Water Development and the Environment
   3.4 Economic Pattern – Agriculture and Industry

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

Books Recommended:
1. Peter Beaumont et.al. The Middle East : A Geographical, (Brotol, 1976)
2. K.G. Fenelon, The United Arab Emirates : An Economic and Social Survey
Objective: The course defines the areas of human development in the West Asian and North African region. It builds competence in human development and knowledge of social and political contexts of development. Since all human development takes place in specific cultural contexts, the aim of the paper is to provide advanced education in human development and change processes in the Arab region.

1. Introduction
   1.1 Human Resources Development in West Asia: Meaning & Scope
   1.2 Progress in Human Development in Arab Countries
   1.3 Issues of Youth Disempowerment
   1.4 Youth in the Arab Region as a possible agent of change

2. HRD in War and Conflict Areas
   2.1 Youth in war-torn countries: Growing up amid Strife and violence
   2.2 The Impact of Conflict on Physical and mental health of youth
   2.3 The Impact of Conflict on Education and Employment of youth
   2.4 Migration Pressures and Patterns

3. Education, Health and Women Empowerment in WANA countries
   3.1 Educational Status and Access to Services
   3.2 Education and Transition to work
   3.3 Health Status and Access to Health services
   3.4 Inclusion and empowerment of Young Women

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues on the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
5. Europa Publications, the Middle East and North Africa, London (various Issues)
8. Roberts, Hugh, An Urban Profile of the Middle East, London 1979
9. Bernard, H. Russel, Social Research Methods (Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches)
10. Kothari, C.R., Research Methods and Techniques
11. Sallvitz, H., Logic of Research
Objective: Geography is about place and processes, the human and the natural, across both space and time. It seeks to organize, understand, and describe the world. Geographic Information Systems (GIS) is a set of strategies, methods, and techniques used to facilitate the inventory and analysis of the complex geographical systems. The course focuses on the fundamentals of GIS, spatial data entry and preparation, and spatial data analysis visualization in the context of geographic applications in the region.

1. Fundamentals of GIS
   1.1 History of GIS, GIS objectives, Elements of GIS
   1.2 Principles of GIS: Spatial Referencing
   1.3 Geographic Information and Spatial Data types
   1.4 Geographic Information and Tessellation and Vector Data

2. Spatial Data Entry and Preparation: Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Bahrain, the UAE, Oman (GCC States)
   2.1 Methods of Spatial Data Acquisition & Preparation
   2.2 Spatial Point Data Analysis
   2.3 Spatial Line Data Analysis
   2.4 Spatial Polygon Data Analysis

3. Spatial Data Analysis Visualization: Egypt, Turkey, Israel, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, Iran and Iraq
   3.1 Spatial Data analysis: Measurement, retrieval and classification functions
   3.2 Spatial Data analysis: Overlay functions
   3.3 Optimal Routing
   3.4 Resource Allocation

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
5. Web site References:
   Self-learning with interactive examples
Objective: This course has been designed to acquaint the students with the very fundamental understanding of Arabic languages. He course also aims to develop understanding pertaining to grammar, vocabulary and usage of simple sentences by the students.

UNIT – I READINGS (from the Prescribed Text Book)
   1.1 Lesson Nos. 1-5
   1.2 Lesson Nos 6-10
   1.3 Lesson Nos. 11-15

UNIT – II TRANSLATION (Based on the Text Book)
   1.1 Translation from simple Arabic sentences into English
   1.2 Translation from simple English sentences into Arabic
   1.3 Questions – Answers as given in the Prescribed Text

UNIT – III GRAMMAR (based on the Text Book)
   1.1 Kinds of sentences (Nominal and Verbal sentences)
   1.2 Adjectival Phrase
   1.3 Construct Phrase

UNIT – IV COMPOSITION (Based on the Text Book)
   1.1 Use of Simple Arabic Words into sentences
   1.2 Correction of Wrong sentences/Phrases
   1.3 Singular and Plural

UNIT – V CONVERSATION (In Simple Phrase and Sentences)
   1.1 Students’ Daily Life
   1.2 Students’ University Life
   1.3 Students’ Market Life

Outcome of the course: After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to answer questions based on text book; to apply knowledge of basic Arabic grammar and to construct grammatically correct sentences in Arabic

PRESCRIBED BOOK:
**DIPLOMA IN WEST ASIAN STUDIES**

**COURSE NO. : DWA-602 : HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY OF WEST ASIA**

**Objectives:** Main objectives of this course are to make students aware about the history and geography of West Asia. The course aims to acquaint the students with emerging problems like soil degradation, agriculture and food insecurity, water scarcity and climate change. After going through this course the students will not only be able to analyze the history but will also be able to explain the causes and consequences of imperialism and awakening of Arab nationalism in West Asia.

1. **Basic Geography: Terms and Definitions**
   - 1.1 Salient Features: World Physical Geography
   - 1.2 Climate, Soil: Types and Distribution
   - 1.3 Important Geophysical Phenomena
   - 1.4 Distribution of Key Natural Resources across the World
   - 1.5 Climate Change and Sustainable agriculture Practices

2. **Agriculture**
   - 2.1 Irrigation
   - 2.2 Food Processing and Related Industries
   - 2.3 Main Crops
   - 2.4 Land Reforms
   - 2.5 Food Security Problems

3. **Industry and Trade**
   - 3.1 Regional Development Problems
   - 3.2 Manufacturing Industries
   - 3.3 Transport
   - 3.4 Trade (Major Import: commodities & Destination)
   - 3.5 Trade (Major Exports: Commodities & Destination)

4. **History**
   - 4.1 Rise of Islam in West Asia
   - 4.2 Abbasids Period
   - 4.3 Umayyad Period
   - 4.4 Rise of Ottomans
   - 4.5 Decline of Ottomans

5. **Imperialism and Awakening**
   - 5.1 Growth of Imperialism in West Asia
   - 5.2 Arab Nationalism
   - 5.3 West Asia under the Mandate System
   - 5.4 Rise of Zionism
   - 5.5 Balfour Declaration

- After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED :
3. The Middle East and North Africa, Europe, London (Latest Issue)
5. E. Kirk, A Short History of the Middle East
6. S.N. Fisher, History of the Middle East
7. Yahya Armajani, Middle East Past and Present
8. Bernard Lewis, The Arabs in History
Objective: This course tries to make aware students about basic economic features of West Asia. Besides general survey, it includes all economic issues relevant for West Asian region.

1. GENERAL SURVEY
   1.1 Meaning and Characteristics of Economics of Under-Development
   1.2 Characteristics of West Asian Economies: Oil Producing Countries
   1.3 Characteristics of West Asian Economies: Non-Oil Producing Countries
   1.4 Natural Resources Endowment of West Asia
   1.5 Economic Development in the Region in the Recent Past

2. OIL SECTOR IN WEST ASIA
   2.1 Oil and Gas Resources of West Asia
   2.2 Significance of the Oil Sector
   2.3 Oil Income (Gulf Region)
   2.4 Oil & Gas Based Industries (Kuwait, Saudi Arabia)
   2.5 Economic Cooperation among Oil Producers of the Region (OPEC, OAPEC)

3. AGRICULTURE SECTOR IN WEST ASIA
   3.1 Significance of Agriculture Sector
   3.2 Agricultural Land (Special Distribution)
   3.3 Land Reforms (Egypt)
   3.4 Agricultural Production (Egypt)
   3.5 Agricultural Cooperatives (Egypt)

4. INDUSTRIALIZATION OF WEST ASIA
   4.1 Significance of Industrialization
   4.2 Industrial Policy (Egypt, Saudi Arabia)
   4.3 Types of Industries (Egypt, Saudi Arabia)
   4.4 Trends in Industrial Development (Egypt, Saudi Arabia)
   4.5 Role of Multinational Corporations in the Region

5. INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION IN WEST ASIA
   5.1 Significance of International Economic Cooperation
   5.2 Foreign Trade (Egypt, Saudi Arabia)
   5.3 National Foreign Aid Institutions (KFAED, SFD)
   5.4 Multilateral Foreign Aid Institutions (Arab Monetary Fund, AFESD)
   5.5 Man Power Imports (Kuwait, UAE)

Books Recommended:
2. Herric, B, *Economic Development*
3. Mabro, Robert and Samir Radwan, *The Industrialisation of Egypt 1939-1973*
5. Al-Farasi, *Saudi Arabia: A Case Study in Development*
6. Sayigh, Y, *The Economies of the Arab World*
7. Saab, G.S., *The Egyptian Agricultural Reforms*
8. Hunter, Shirin, *OPEC and the Third World*
9. Achilli and Khalid, *The Role of Arab Development Funds in the World Economy*
Diploma in West Asian Studies

The course will provide an informed understanding of polity and society in west Asia. This course will help the students to understand political structure of selected countries of west Asian region, major ideology and ethnic minorities of this region. Arab Israeli conflict impacted the politics and society of west Asia therefore course will analysis genesis of Arab Israel conflict.

1. THE POLITICAL STRUCTURE
   1.1 Political Structure of Israel
   1.2 Labor Party of Israel
   1.3 Likud Party of Israel
   1.4 Political System of Lebanon
   1.5 The Phalangist Party

2. IDEOLOGIES
   2.1 Arab Socialism
   2.2 Arab Nationalism
   2.3 Zionism
   2.4 Pan – Islamism
   2.5 Pan – Turanism

3. ORGANIZATIONS
   3.1 The Arab League
   3.2 The Gulf Cooperation Council
   3.3 OAPEC
   3.4 Organization of Islamic Cooperation
   3.5 Economic Cooperation Organization

4. THE PALESTINE QUESTION
   4.1 UN Partition Plan
   4.2 Six Day War of 1967
   4.3 PLO : Genesis and evaluation
   4.4 The First Intifada
   4.5 The Second Intifada

5. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
   5.1 British Mandate in Palestine
   5.2 French Mandate in Lebanon
   5.3 UN and the First Gulf war
   5.4 American Invasion of Iraq 2003
   5.5 US and the Israeli – Palestinian Peace Process

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the students will be in a position to understand the issues pertaining to the subject.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
1. Abid al-Marayati, The Middle East: Govt. and Politics
2. Don, Peretz, Middle East Today (Second ed.)
3. George Lenczowski, The Middle East in World Affairs
4. Majid Khadduri, Republican Iraq
5. Helen Lacker, A House Built on Sand: A Political Economy of Saudi Arabia
7. Karpat Kamaq H., Political and Social Thought in the Contemporary Middle East
8. Dietl Gulshan, Through Two Wars and Beyond: A Study of the Gulf Cooperation Council
9. Menaham, Mansoor, Political and Diplomatic History of the Arab world
10. Honawi, Sami, Arab – Israeli Conflict
Ph. D Course Work

**Paper-I: Research Methodology: Quantitative Methods and Computer Application**

The objective of this course is to train the scholars in the scientific and systematic process of research. The course is concerned with imparting the important concepts of research and methodology. It is to make researchers adapt in the tools of scientific research to be utilized in their research pursuits.

**Unit –I : Research : An Introduction**

1.1 Meaning and Objective of Research
1.2 Importance of Research and its Interdisciplinary Relevance
1.3 Types of Research : Descriptive, Analytical, Qualitative, Quantitative, empirical etc.
1.4 Criteria for Selection of a Research Topic
1.5 Formulation of Aims and Objective in Social Sciences

**Unit –II : Research process and Collection of Data**

2.1 Quantitative v/s Qualitative Data & Relevance
2.2 Methods of Collection of Primary data
2.3 Secondary Data its Sources and Limitations
2.4 Statistical Measures: Central Tendency & Dispersion
2.5 Limitations of Research in Area Studies

**Unit –III Data Processing and Report Writing**

3.1 Editing, Coding, Classification and Tabulation
3.2 Writing the Hypothesis and its Operational Implication
3.3 Review of Literature and Designing of Study
3.4 Taking Notes and Chapter Outline
3.5 Writing the Dissertation and the Abstract

- **After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the researchers will be in a position to pursue research in scientific and systematic way.**

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:-**

1. Good and Hart : Research Methodology
2. Sadhu & Sing : Research Methodology in Social Sciences
4. Sara Vanavel : Research Methodology
6. Anderson and Others : Thesis and Assignment wittings
DEPARTMENT OF WEST ASIAN AND NORTH AFRICAN STUDIES,
A.M.U., ALIGARH
Session 2019-20

Max. Marks 100
Sessional & Assignment 15 + 15 =30 Marks
Course work exam 70 Marks

Ph. D Course Work

PAPER-II: MODERN LANGUAGE OF WEST ASIA (ARABIC)

UNIT- I READING (From Prescribed Text Book)
1.1 Lesson Nos. 01 - 03
1.2 Lesson Nos. 04 - 06
1.3 Lesson Nos. 07 - 09
1.4 Lesson Nos. 10 - 12
1.5 Lesson Nos. 13 - 15

UNIT-II Translation (Based on the Text Book)
2.1 Translation of simple Phrases/Sentence form Arabic into English
2.2 Translation of simple Phrases/Sentence form English into Arabic
2.3 Answers in Arabic to Questions Related to Students’ University Life
2.4 Answers in Arabic to Questions Related to Students’ Public Life
2.5 Words meanings

UNIT-III Grammar & Compositions
3.1 Conjugation of Sound Trilateral Verbs in Past Perfect Tense
3.2 Correction of Arabic Sentences (Constructive and Adjectival Phrases)
3.3 Singular and Plural
3.4 Use of Arabic words
3.5 Fill in the Blanks

After having gone through the contents in the syllabus, the researchers will be in a position to pursue research in scientific and systematic way.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:
2. Arabic Courses Handbook: By F.H. Megally and M. Mansoor