1. Pre History
2. The Indus Civilization
3. (i) Early Vedic Phase, c. 1500-1000 BC: Rigveda, Region of Settlements, Society, Polity and Economy; Religion.
5. Alexander's Invasion and its consequences.
6. Mauryan Empire: Chandragupta Maurya, Asoka and his Dhamma; Asokan Inscriptions. Megasthenes, Kautilya; Mauryan Administration.
8. Kushana; Kanishka: Date and Conquests.
15. The Cholas and Their Administration.
16. Establishment of the Sultanate; Iltutmish.
17. Economic Measures of Alaaddin Khalji.
18. Muhammad bin Tughlaq and his policies.
19. Administration of Sultanate.
20. Vijayanagara Empire.
22. Babur, Humayun and Sher Shah.
23. Akbar and his conquests, administration and religious policy.
25. Aurangzeb and his reign.
26. Mansab and jagir systems.
27. Composite Culture under the Mughals: Literature and Thought, Akbar, Dara Shukoh.
29. Growth of European Sea Trade with India, 16th-17th Century.
30. Organization of Trade and Banking in Mughal India.
31. State in Medieval India.
32. Decline of Mughal Empire.
33. Sources for the Sultanate and Mughal Empire with special reference to Barani and Abul Fazl.
34. Succession States and Marathas.
35. Rise of European Companies (Dutch, English, French).
36. Establishment of British Rule in South India and Bengal.
38. Annexations and Subsidiary Alliance, 1797-1857.
40. Social Reform and Modern Education, Early Phase (till 1857).
41. Tribute and the Coming of Free Trade.
43. Post-1857: Changes in Administration.
44. Social Reform and Modern Education, Post-1857.
45. Early Phase of Indian Nationalism, till 1905.
46. Swadeshi Movement.
47. Career and Thought of Mahatma Gandhi.
48. Non-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movements.
49. Agrarian Problem in India, and Problems of Industries before 1947.